

## US GOVERNMENT BILLS, NOTES, AND BONDS DATABASE GUIDE

Daily Prices and Yields, Updated Annually 1925-1998

Center for Research in Security Prices The University of Chicago Graduate School of Business



## US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Database Guide

## **Daily Prices and Yields, Updated Annually**

3,244 US Treasury Securities and 1.5 Million Price Observations

From June 14, 1961, through December 31, 1998

**Center for Research in Security Prices The University of Chicago Graduate School of Business** 

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## **OVERVIEW**

## **ABOUT THIS GUIDE**

This guide will help the user to understand and to access the Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Database, developed at the University of Chicago, Graduate School of Business, Center for Research in Security Prices (CRSP).

Professor Lawrence Fisher, currently at Rutgers University, originated the basic design and content of the Monthly US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Databases.

The Databases are comprehensive. The monthly database contains 101,986 price observations on 5,136 US Government issues. The daily database contains more than 1.5 Million price observations on 3,244 US Government securities. They are updated annually.

## INSIDE

**Chapter One: Introduction** describes the sources of the data, the construction of the database's Master Files, and any changes to the database.

Chapter Two: Database Structure contains diagrams of the database structure and detailed file layout specifications.

Chapter Three: Data Definitions provides the names and definitions of the data variables found in the files.

**Chapter Four: Accessing the Data** contains the CD ROM layout and installation pointers. CRSP provides sample programs with access subroutines, utility subroutines, and include files written in FORTRAN 77, and sample programs with access routines, utility routines, input/output routines and include files written in C, to read and to process the data. It describes the ASCII, Excel and SAS files.

Appendix: lists the US Government issues that require special treatment.

**Index:** provides an alphabetical reference to locate definitions for the data variables, sample programs, subroutines, and include files.

### **Contact us for Technical Support**

Telephone: 773.702.7467 World Wide Web: http://gsbwww.uchicago.edu/research/crsp/techsupp/tech\_hlp.htm

# **CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION**

## **OVERVIEW**

This chapter describes the development of the files, the sources of the data and any changes to the database.

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## **CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION**

## 1.1 About CRSP

Back in 1959, Professor James Lorie fielded a call from Louis Engel, a Vice President at Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith. The firm wanted to advertise how well people had done investing in common stocks, but Engel needed some solid data. Could the University of Chicago Graduate School of Business help?

That was the start of the Center for Research in Security Prices. Forty years ago, computer technology was in its infancy and no machine-readable data existed.

Professor Lorie and Professor Lawrence Fisher, a colleague on the finance faculty, set out to build a database of historical and current securities data that answered Merrill Lynch's question and, since then, many, many others.

The professors compiled the first machine-readable file. It contained month-end prices and total returns on all stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange between 1926 and 1960. Over time, CRSP added the American Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ stock exchange, and end-of-day as well as month-end prices. Now CRSP updates US stock data in two frequencies; either once a year or once a month.

In 1999, CRSP is justly considered the best provider by far of US corporate actions information. Specifically, we diligently track name changes and name identifiers, distributions of shares, cash, rights, spin-offs, mergers and liquidation payments. As a result, the history and quality of CRSP capital return, income return and total return numbers are unsurpassed.

## **CRSP** Working Papers

From its founding, the University set for itself the highest standards of research excellence. The Graduate School of Business helped to spawn the modern revolution in finance, and research done here has been incorporated into CRSP Data Files. Among them:

Risk/Return Analysis by Harry Moskovitz The Sharpe-Lintner Capital Asset Pricing Model The Efficient Market Hypothesis Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model Small Stock Effect

The comprehensiveness and quality of CRSP data has made it the premier source for academic researchers and quantitative analysts for forty years. We have available the latest research on a wide variety of finance topics over the web.

World Wide Web: crsp.com, CRSP Working Papers

### **CRSP Board of Directors**

We are fortunate to have the guidance of world-renowned faculty.

Chairman Eugene F. Fama, Robert R. McCormick Distinguished Service Professor of Finance.
Douglas W. Diamond, Theodore O. Yntema Professor of Finance.
Steven Neil Kaplan, Leon Carroll Marshall Professor of Finance.
Robert W. Vishny, Eric J. Gleacher Distinguished Service Professor of Finance.
John Huizinga, Walter David "Bud" Fackler Professor of Economics, Deputy Dean for the Faculty.
Mark E. Zmijewski, Professor of Accounting, Deputy Dean for the Full-Time M.B.A. Programs.

## **CRSP** Historical Data Products

### CRSP NYSE, AMEX, Nasdaq Daily and Monthly Price and Total Return Databases

CRSP will provide monthly or annual updates of end-of-day and month-end prices on all listed NYSE, AMEX and NASDAQ common stocks and Foreign stocks, plus basic market indices. CRSP provides the most comprehensive distribution information available, for the most accurate total return calculations.

Important facts regarding CRSP US Stock Data.

- Annual Update: Ready in April.
- Monthly Updates: Ready by the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the following month.
- Daily and Month-End Data: NYSE / AMEX: High, low, bid, ask, closing prices; trading volume; shares outstanding; capital appreciation, income appreciation, and total return; year-end capitalization, and year-end capitalization portfolio. NASDAQ also includes month-end closing bid and ask, number of trades, historical traits information, market maker count, trading status, NASD classification.
- History: NYSE daily data begins July 1962. Monthly data begins December 1925. AMEX daily and monthly data begins July 1962. NASDAQ daily and monthly data begins December, 14 1972.
- Identifying Information: Complete Name History; all historical CUSIPs, Exchange Ticker Symbols, SIC Codes, Share Classes, Share Codes, Exchange Codes, and Security Delisting information. Certain items may change over time -- Name, CUSIP, and Exchange Ticker Symbol. CRSP has developed a unique identifier called the PERMNO<sup>TM</sup>, which does not change and allows for extremely accurate time-series analysis.
- Distribution Information: descriptions of all distributions, dividend amounts, factors to adjust price and shares, declarations, ex-distribution, record and payment dates, and security and company linking information.

### **CRSP US Stock, Treasury Indices and Portfolio Assignments Database**

A companion database, the CRSP US Stock, Treasury Indices and Portfolio Assignments Database, provides market indices on a daily, monthly, quarterly and annual frequency. This database provides additional market and security level portfolio statistics and decile portfolio assignment data. Four types of indices provide the following information.

- The CRSP Stock File Indices includes Value- and Equal-Weighted Indices, with or without dividends, the S&P 500 Composite Index and returns, NASDAQ Composite Index and return and security data needed to link stocks to the CRSP US Market Cap-Based Portfolios. US Government Consumer Price Index, US Government Bond Fixed Term Index Series, and the CRSP Risk-Free Rates File.
- Track micro-, small-, mid- and large-cap stocks with CRSP US Market Cap-Based Portfolios. CRSP ranks all NYSE companies by market capitalization and divides them into 10 equally populated portfolios. AMEX and NASDAQ National Market stocks are then placed into deciles according to their respective capitalizations. CRSP Portfolios 1-2 represent large caps, Portfolios 3, 4, 5 represent mid-caps, Portfolios 6, 7, 8 represent small caps, and Portfolios 9-10 benchmark micro-caps.

Among the monthly data provided are the number of companies in the portfolio at the start of the quarter, portfolio weight at the start of the quarter, total return and index level, capital apprecation return and index level, and income return and index level.

- CRSP Indices for the S&P 500 Universe are daily and monthly files which include value- and equal-weighted returns, with and without dividends.
- CRSP US Treasury and Inflation Series are monthly files containing returns and index levels on US Treasuries and the Consumer Price Index.

### **CRSP Survivor-Bias Free US Mutual Fund Database**

based on the Standard & Poor's  $^{\odot}$  Micropal  $^{\odot}$  Database

In estimating the performance on an equal-weighted index of equity mutual funds, Mr. Carhart found that, "Using only surviving funds biases these (performance) measures upward by about one percent per year."

Recently introduced, the **CRSP Survivor-Bias Free US Mutual Fund Database** records each mutual fund's name and organizational history. CRSP tracks monthly returns, Monthly Total Net Assets, Monthly Net Asset Values and Monthly Distributions for open-ended mutual funds from January 1, 1962, to December 31,1997. Updated quarterly, the database uses Microsoft Access 97 database software.

Mark M. Carhart developed this unique database for his 1995 dissertation submitted to the Graduate School of Business entitled, *Survivor Bias and Persistence in Mutual Fund Performance*. In it he noted that the explosion in new mutual funds has been "accompanied by a steady disappearance of many other funds through merger, liquidation and other means. ...this data is not reported by mutual fund data services or financial periodicals and in most cases is (electronically) purged from current databases. This imposes a selection bias on the mutual fund data available to researchers: only survivors are included."

## **Sample Data Sets**

Sample data sets for all CRSP products are available on the Getting Started CD ROM.

### **1.2 Description**

The CRSP US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files were developed by the Center for Research in Security Prices at the Graduate School of Business, University of Chicago. The Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Master File tracks 3,244 securities and contains over 1.5 million price observations begining June 14, 1961. The files provide a comprehensive machine-readable database of government security price information.

### Development

Prices were manually input through December 31, 1989. Beginning January, 1990 through September, 1996, the prices were obtained from the Department of Commerce's electronic bulletin board (EBB). Beginning October, 1996 to the present, prices are supplied by GovPX, Inc.

Manually input prices were double-entered, and programs were written to compare the prices entered from both screens. Once compared, price corrections were double-entered; the corrections were also compared for consistency. Several iterations of this process took place to arrive at the final, "clean" version of the file. Logical filters were then written and run to further clean the data.

Descriptive information and amounts outstanding were developed from the existing CRSP Monthly US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds File.

### Sources

Prices in the file prior to January of 1962 were obtained from a number of different sources (see description of SOURCR in Section 3). These sources include the *Wall Street Journal*, Salomon Brothers, Inc., and the Bank and Quotation Record.

Beginning with January of 1962, the majority of prices came from the Composite Closing Quotations for US Government Securities compiled by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (FRBNY). In 1984, the quotation sheets were renamed the "Composite 3:30 P.M. Quotations for US Government Securities". The time at which the quotes were compiled was related to the fedwire deadline the FRBNY set for the transfer of securities. The deadline was set for 2:30 p.m. Eastern Time, but was regularly extended as much as three-quarters of an hour. The FRBNY trading desk began a "closing run" at 3:00 p.m. The reference to "closing quotations" from 1962 to 1984 probably refers to the "closing run" at the FRBNY. The close of the day on October 15<sup>th</sup>, 1996 the FRBNY discontinued publication of composite quotations.

The start of the day, October 16, 1996, our source for price quotations changed to GovPX, Inc (GovPX). GovPX receives its data from 5 inter-dealer bond brokers, who broker transactions among 37 primary dealers. Live, intra-day bids, offers and transactions in the active over-the-counter markets among these primary dealers are the source of GovPX's 5 p.m. End-Of-Day US Treasury prices. GovPX also began providing the following non-derived data: maturity date and coupon rates as of October 16, 1996. This data was formerly provided by the US Treasury Department.

The FRBNY described its listed bid price as "...the most widely quoted price from the range of quotations received". The ask price was determined by the FRBNY based on what they expect a typical bid-ask spread to be. The rule used to make this derivation was not public domain. GovPX describes its listed bid and ask prices as the "best price". To determine their "best price" they observe the prices from the 5 inter-dealer brokers and report the bid and ask prices that produce the smallest bid-ask spread.

## **Chapter 1. Introduction**

The amount outstanding (TOTOUT) is obtained from the *Monthly Statement of the Public Debt of the United States published by the Treasury Department*. The amount publicly held (PUBOUT) is obtained from the quarterly US Treasury Bulletin. Money Rates are obtained from the Federal Reserve. The following non-derived data: issue date, coupon payable dates, bank eligibility, tax status and call status are obtained from the US Treasury Department.

Prior to 1990, CUSIP was obtained from Standard & Poor's CUSIP Directory. From January, 1990 through October 15<sup>th</sup>, 1996, CUSIP was obtained from the Composite 3:30 p.m. quotations for US Government Securities. GovPX, as of October 16, 1996, provides the CUSIP number. When in question, the CUSIP is verified by *Standard & Poor's CUSIP Directory*.

All data are checked for internal consistency with each release of the file. Secondary sources, such as the *Wall Street Journal*, are used to check suspect prices.

## **Differences Between Daily and Monthly Files**

The CRSP Daily US Government Bills Notes, and Bonds Files are a superset of the CRSP Monthly US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files with three exceptions.

- 1. When-issued prices are included in the Daily Files. All prices before an issue's dated date can be identified as when-issued prices.
- 2. Government Certificate of Deposit, Commercial Paper, and Federal Funds rates are included in the daily files.
- 3. Bond indexes equivalent to the four Fama Files in the monthly database have not yet been developed for the daily database.

The organization of the data has been changed significantly to reflect the increased amount of data. Certain derived data items are not stored, but can be accessed with utility functions that are provided. Other less frequent data are only stored on the observation dates. See Section 4 for information on accessing the daily data.

### Accuracy

All data are checked for internal consistency, and secondary sources are used to check suspect prices.

Considerable resources are expended in checking and improving the quality of the data. Errors are not common. Some of the errors found in checking the data are the results of inaccuracies in the initial data source. The inaccuracies are corrected as soon as possible. Other errors are CRSP coding errors; over time these coding errors are found and corrected. Historical corrections account for the differences in the data from update to update. The Annual CRSP US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files contain updated data through the end of the previous calendar year. These updated files are available to subscribers each Spring.

### **Latest Changes and Additions**

- The CRSP US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files are only available on CD this year. The CD has the volume label: BDR1\_199812.
- Sample Programs are no longer printed in the Database Guide. They are stored on the CD.
- There were no callable bonds in 1998.

### **1.3 File Version Specifics**

This section contains version specific information for CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files. The number of issues in the Master File is the total number of historical and current issues. File sizes are megabyte approximations. The binary file sizes are the sizes of files created with CRSP sample programs.

	Data Range	Trading Index Range	Total Issues	Maximum Active Issues
Daily Bond	610614-19981231	1-9116	3244	254

File	# of Records	Size Character	Size Binary
BMHEADER	3,244	0.49	0.44
BMQUOTES	1,524,399	77.00	26.00
BMYIELD	1,524,399	110.00	49.00
BMDEBT	72,966	2.70	0.92
BMPAYMTS	13,194	0.46	0.17
BMADDRS	3,244	0.31	0.16
BXCALIND	9,366	0.80	0.45
BXQUOTES	1,524,399	75.00	50.00
BXYIELD	1,524,399	110.00	73.00
BXADDRS	9,366	0.45	0.19
BXDLYIND	65,562	6.65	N/A

## **Notational Conventions**

- All data items and names that occur within FORTRAN or C programs are printed using a constant width (courier) font. These names can be variable names, parameter names, subroutine names or keywords. For example, CUSIP refers to the CUSIP Agency identifier, while CUSIP refers to the variable that the programs use to store this identifier.
- All names that refer to sample programs or include files are printed using an *italic Helvetica* font.
- Names of FORTRAN common blocks are delimited by slashes ( / / ).

# **CHAPTER TWO: DATABASE STRUCTURE**

## **OVERVIEW**

This chapter provides an overview of the database structure of the Calendar File, the Master File and the Cross-Sectional File, and the Supplemental Files: Fama Files and Fixed-Term Index Files.

## INSIDE

Database Structure	Page 7
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Master File	Page 9
Cross Sectional File	Page 10
Fixed Term Indices Files	Page 11

## **CHAPTER 2. DATABASE STRUCTURE**

The US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files consist of three files: the Calendar File, the Master File, and the Cross-Sectional File. These are supplemented by the CRSP Fixed Term Index Files.

The Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files are organized both as time series by issue and cross-sectionally by date.

Diagrams are provided as follows:

- The Calendar File,
- The Master File,
- The Cross-Sectional File, and
- The Fixed Term Index Files.

See Chapter 3 for the available data items and their descriptions.

See Chapter 4 for file specifications.

## 2.1 Calendar File

The Calendar File contains Daily Quote Dates and Delivery Dates as well as several Julian, linear, and other date information derived from these values.

### FIGURE 1.Calendar File Structure



## 2.2 Master File

The Master File (MBM) contains end-of-day price data on virtually all negotiable direct obligations of the United States Treasury for the period June 14, 1961, to the present. The Master File is sorted by issue.

The sets of files are split into header information, raw daily data, and derived daily data. Header information contains CRSP identifiers, characteristics set by the US Treasury including interest dates and callable status and data ranges on quotes, number of amounts outstanding and number of interest payments.

### FIGURE 2.Master File Structure

BMHEAD	I ľ			BMHEAD		
		crspid	why	notice	fcpdtf	lstquo
Security		type	datdt	tax	valfc	fstyld
•••	►	matdt	bankdt	flower	cusip	lstyld
Security		couprt	fcaldt	nippy	name	numpay
		uniq	ymcnot	fcpdt	fstquo	numdbt

BMQUU	_			
Security			BMQUO	
Security		bid[fstqup]	ask[fstqup]	source[fstqup]
Coqurity				
Security		bid[lstquo]	ask[lstquo]	source[lstquo]

BMYLD		BI	MYLD	
Security	accint[fstyld]	yld[fstyld]	retnua[fstyld]	duratn[fstyld]
••••	 			
Security	accint[lstyld]	yld[lstyld]	retnua[lstyld]	duratn[lstyld]

BMDEBT		BMDEBT	
Security	qdate[1]	totout[1]	pubout[1]
•••	• • •	•••	• • •
Security	dqdate[numdbt]	totout[numdbt]	pubout[numdbt]
		•	

BMPAY	BMI	PAY
Security	qdate[1]	pdint[1]
•••	 • • •	• • •
Security	pqdate[numpay]	pdint[numpay]
		·

### 2.3 Cross-Sectional Files

The Cross-Sectional File (MXM) contains the same information as the Master File, except it is sorted by Quote Date. Section 3 contains detailed descriptions of the data variables.

The sets of files are split into header information, raw daily data, and derived daily data. Header information contains CRSP identifiers, characteristics set by the US Treasury including interest dates and callable status and data ranges on quotes, number of amounts outstanding and number of interest payments.





## 2.4 CRSP Fixed Term Indices File

These derived files offer 7 groups of indices: 30, 20, 10, 7, 5, 2 and 1 year target maturity indices sorted by term type and quote date. This index creates a sophisticated bond yield curve, allowing the selection of data items referenced by returns, prices and duration. Start dates vary based upon term types selected. Programming support is not provided for the CRSP Fixed Term Indices.

The Fixed Term Indices File contains a variable number of data records for each quotation date and term type. There are no sample programs available for this file.

TERMTYPE[1]	QDATE[1]	CRSPID [1]	YEARSTM[1]	RETADJ[1]	YTM[1]	ACCINT[1]	DURATN[1]	BID[1]	ASK[1]
-	-	_	—	-	-	-	_	-	_
TERMTYPE[1]	QDATE[N]	CRSPID [N]	YEARSTM[N]	RETADJ[N]	YTM[N]	ACCINT[1]	DURATN[N]	BID[N]	ASK[N]
TERMTYPE[2]	QDATE[1]	CRSPID [1]	YEARSTM[1]	RETADJ[1]	YTM[1]	ACCINT[1]	DURATN[1]	BID[1]	ASK[1]
_	_	—	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
TERMTYPE[N]	QDATE[N]	CRSPID [N]	YEARSTM[N]	RETADJ[N]	YTM[N]	ACCINT[N]	DURATN[N]	BID[N]	ASK[N]

### FIGURE 4.Fixed Term Indices File Structure and Layout

## **CHAPTER THREE: DATA DEFINITIONS**

## **OVERVIEW**

This chapter provides the names and definitions of the data variables found in the Calendar File, the Master File and the Cross-Sectional File, and the Fixed-Term Indices File.

## INSIDE

**Data Definitions** 

## **CHAPTER 3. DATA DEFINITIONS**

This section gives descriptions of the data items provided in the files. Each description is preceded with a line containing two items bolded:

- The Variable Name
- A Short Description of the Data Represented

The data items in this section are grouped logically according to six data types:

- 1. CALENDAR Trading Calendar And Government Rates
- 2. HEADER Issue Identification, Characteristics, And Data Ranges
- 3. **QUOTES** Raw Pricing Data
- 4. YIELDS Derived Yields, Duration, Returns, And Accrued Interest
- 5. **DEBT** Amounts Outstanding
- 6. **PAYMENTS** Interest Payments

Certain data types are available organized by issue and by date (See the figures in Chapter 2). More complete information on accessing the data items using variables in CRSP FORTRAN and C programs is contained in chapter 4.

Information on the Fixed Term Indices File is available in this chapter.

### **CALENDAR - Calendar and Government Rates**

The BXCAL structure contains the trading calendar and summary information for each date in the CRSP US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds File. The three types of information include:

- 1. Trading calendar quote dates and delivery dates
- 2. Government rates for certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and federal funds
- 3. Counts of trading US Government securities

### **QDATE** Date of Quotation, in YYYYMMDD Format

QDATE contains the trading quote dates for the Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files. These dates are stored in form YYYYMMDD (year, month, and date).

#### DELDAT Delivery Date, in YYYYMMDD Format

DELDAT contains the delivery date for a corresponding quote date. These dates are stored in the form YYYYMMDD (year, month, date).

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York the source from January 1962 through October 15, 1996, assumed cash transactions on delivery date. The delivery date usually fell two business days after the quotation date. GovPX, the source from October 16, 1996, reports delivery data the next business day after the end quote date.

### CD1M One-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate

Certificate of deposit rate is the average of secondary market morning offering rates for time certificates of deposit of major money market banks. It is an unsecured note issued by companies for short-term borrowing purposes.

### CD3M Three-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate

#### CD6M Six-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate

### CP30D 30-Day Commercial Paper Rate

Commercial paper rate is an average of posted 10 a.m. offering rates of five dealers. Rates are quoted on a discount basis. It is an unsecured note issued by companies for short-term borrowing purposes. Commercial paper is frequently sold by the issuer direct to the investor, the latter normally being institutions, viz. money-market fund, insurance companies, corporations, bank trust departments and pension funds. Commercial paper is also placed by intermediary banks or securities dealers.

- CP60D 60-Day Commercial Paper Rate
- CP90D 90-Day Commercial Paper Rate

### FFEFRT Federal Funds Effective Rate

The effective rate is a weighted average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions arranged by federal funds brokers. It is the rate of interest charged on federal funds loaned by and to commercial banks. It is regarded by the Federal Reserve System regulator authorities as an important determinant of bank liquidity.

### FFMINR Federal Funds Minimum Trading Range

FFMAXR Federal Funds Maximum Trading Range

## NUMACT Number of Active Issues

The number of active US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds issues that were quoted on a quotation date.

### HEADER — Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges

This structure contains header information for issues. There are three types of information included:

- 1. Identification assigned by CRSP or CUSIP to uniquely identify the issue.
- 2. Characteristics of the issue set by the treasury, such as interest dates and callable status.
- 3. Data ranges, including the date ranges of quotes, the number of amounts outstanding, and the number of interest payments.

### CRSPID CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number

The CRSPID is in the format YYYYMMDD.TCCCCE, where:

turity Year
curity Month
curity Day
e Of Issue (TYPE)
ger Part of (COUPRT x 100)
queness Number (UNIQ)

For example, 19850515.504250 identifies a 41/4% callable bond which matures May 15, 1985. For callable notes and bonds, the YYYY portion of the CRSPID contains only the final maturity date of the issue and not the first eligible call date for that issue.

The variable CRSPID is a composite of other variables. Mathematical operations to retrieve parts of the CRSPID are unnecessary when using the Master File.

### TYPE Type of Issue

- 0 Inflation Securities
- 1 Noncallable bond
- 2 Noncallable note
- 3 Certificate of indebtedness
- 4 Treasury Bill
- 5 Callable bond
- 6 Callable note
- 7 Tax Anticipation Certificate of Indebtedness
- 8 Tax Anticipation Bill
- 9 Other this flags issues with unusual provisions. See Appendix A

### MATDT Maturity Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format

- COUPRT Coupon Rate (percent per annum)
- UNIQ Uniqueness Number

Uniqueness number assigned to CRSPID if maturity date, coupon rate and type are not sufficient to distinguish between two securities; 0 otherwise.

WHY	Reason for End of Data on File				
	<ul> <li>Still quoted on last update of file.</li> <li>Matured</li> <li>Called for redemption</li> <li>All exchanged</li> <li>Sources no longer quote issue</li> </ul>				
DATDT	Date Dated by Treasury, in YYYYMMDD Format				
	Coupon issues accrue interest beginning on the dated date. This may result in a modified first coupon payment if the dated date is not a regular interest payment date.				
	DATDT is 0 if it is not available or not applicable, as is the case with Treasury bills.				
BANKDT	DT Bank Eligibility Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format.				
	The earliest date at which a security is to become "bank eligible". A security is bank eligible is bank may own it. Some 21/2%'s and 21/4%'s issued during and immediately after WWII limit negotiability because of prohibitions and restrictions on bank ownership.				
	0 no restrictions apply YYYYMMDD restrictions removed or scheduled to have been removed on this date				
	All remaining restrictions were removed on January 1, 1955. The last bank eligible CRSPID in the file is dated November 15, 1945 and matured on December 15, 1972.				
FCALDT	First Eligible Call Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format.				
	FCALDT is 0 if the security is not callable. All interest payment dates beginning with the first eli- gible call date are possible future call dates.				
YMCNOT	Year and Month of First Call Notice, in YYYYMMDD Format				
	YMCNOT is 0 if not called or not callable.				
NOTICE	Notice Required on Callable Issues				
TAX	Taxability of Interest				
	<ol> <li>Fully taxable for federal income tax purposes.</li> <li>Partially tax exempt, i.e. interest of first \$3000 of bonds of this class, at par value, exempt from tax subject to surtax but not to normal tax.</li> <li>Wholly tax exempt.</li> </ol>				
FLOWER	Payment of Estate Tax Code.				
	<ol> <li>No special status</li> <li>Acceptable at par and accrued interest if owned by decedent at time of death; a flower bond</li> <li>Acceptable at par and accrued interest if owned by decedent during entire 6 month period preceding death; a flower bond</li> </ol>				

## CRSP DAILY US GOVERNMENT BILLS, NOTES, AND BONDS

NIPPY	Number of Interest Payments Per Year				
	<ul> <li>Treasury bill or certificate paying interest only at maturity</li> <li>Annual interest</li> <li>Semi-annual interest</li> <li>Quarterly interest</li> </ul>				
	All interest-bearing negotiable Treasury securities issued since the beginning of WWI have paid interest semi-annually. The last outstanding issue that paid interest quarterly was the Panama Canal Loan 3%'s due June 1, 1961.				
FCPDT	First Coupon Payment Date, in YYYYMMDD Format				
	FCPDT is 0 if not applicable. FCPDTF indicates whether the first coupon date is an estimate or verified date.				
FCPDTF	<ul> <li>First Coupon Payment Date Flag</li> <li>0 Treasury bill or not applicable</li> <li>-1 First coupon date is estimated from the normal coupon payment cycle</li> <li>1 First coupon date has been verified on the Treasury Offering Circular</li> </ul>				
VALFC	Amount of First Coupon Per \$100 Face Value				
CUSIP	CUSIP Number				
	A CUSIP number (Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures) is an identifying number assigned to a publicly-traded security. A nine-digit code is permanently assigned to each issue and is generally printed on the face of the security if it is in physical form. The first eight digits are included in the CRSP file. The ninth digit is a check digit derived from the first eight digits. Missing CUSIPs are assigned the value OXX. The earliest maturity on the file with a CUSIP is February 15, 1969.				
NAME	Name of Government Security				
	Name BILL T_A_BILL T_A_CTF BOND	ITYPE 4 8 7 159	Explanation Tax Anticipation Tax Anticipation		
	CNV_BOND CONSOL CTF NOTE	1,5,5 1 9 3,7,9 0,2,6,9	Convertible Consol Certificate of Deposit		
	1LL_BOND 1LL_CV 1LL_2CNV 2LL_BOND 2LL_CNV 3LL_BOND	5 5 5 5 5 1	First Liberty Loan 1LL First Conversion 1LL Second Conversion Second Liberty Loan 2LL First Loan Conversion Third Liberty		
	4LL_BOND	9	Fourth Liberty Loan		

Fourth Liberty Loan called

Panama Canal Loan

9

1,5

4LL\_CALL PCL\_BOND

FSTQUO	Day Number of Issue's First Quote on File		
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates.		
LSTQUO	Day Number of Issue's Last Quote		
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates. An issue that matures typically stops trading on the first quote date with a delivery date greater than or equal to the issue's maturity date.		
FSTYLD	Day Number of Issue's First Yield		
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates.		
LSTYLD	Day Number of Issue's Last Yield		
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates. An issue that matures typically stops trading on the first quote date with a delivery date greater than or equal to the issue's maturity date.		
NUMPAY	Number of Interest Payments		
	Count of observations in BMPAY structure.		
NUMDBT	Number of Amount Outstanding Observations		

Count of valid observations in the BMDEBT structure.

### QUOTES — Raw Data

CRSP-generated data, such as yield and duration, are calculated from secondary market cash transaction prices. CRSP derives its data from the bid and ask prices. CRSP data are calculated based on cash transactions on the quotation date. CRSP's primary data sources assume cash transactions on delivery date. Quotes from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York usually have a delivery date two business days after the quotation date. Quotes from GovPX usually have a delivery date one business day after the quotation date. The delivery date usually falls two business days after the quotation date. CRSP takes this into account when verifying the internal consistency of the files.

When-issued prices are included in the file when quoted. Any price with a quote date before an issues' dated date is classified when-issued.

Quotes are present in Master file and Cross-Sectional versions of the file. In the Master file, the quotes are sorted by issue, then date. For any issue, header variables FSTQUO and LSTQUO can be used to delimit the day numbers of the range. In the Cross-Sectional file, the quotes are sorted by date, then issue. For any quote date, calendar variable NUMACT contains the number of quotes available.

### BID & ASK Prices

The bid price is the price at which a buyer is willing to purchase a security. The ask price is the price at which the seller is offering to sell the security.

Arrays BID and ASK contain day-end bid and ask information, when available for each quote date prior to maturity. If BID and ASK are not available, whatever quote information is available is used and coded using the following conventions:

Information in Data Source	BID	ASK
Bid and Ask	Bid	Ask
Mean of Bid and Ask	Mean	Mean
Bid only	Bid	-Bid
Ask only	-Ask	Ask
Sale (last trading price)	Sale	0
No price Sale	0	0

#### SOURCR Primary Data Source

- R Federal Reserve Bank of New York
- S Salomon Brothers
- W Wall Street Journal (Associated Press: 6/14/61-8/20/87, Bloomberg: 8/28/87-7/2/90, Bear-Stearns: 12/4/90-present)
- M No quote was available
- X GovPX, Inc.
# **YIELDS** — Derived Data

For bonds that have been called, or are likely to be called, the original maturity date is no longer valid for computing duration and yield. In these cases the anticipated call date is used as the working maturity date.

The following note applies to the variables promised daily yield (YIELD) and duration (DURATN).

Status	Yield and Duration Computed to
Called	Next call date
Callable and priced at a premium	Next call date
Callable and priced at a discount	Maturity date
Not callable	Maturity date

Users should be cautious in interpreting yields based on issues close to maturity. Quotes on these instruments are not always reliable due to infrequent trading.

Yields are present in Master file and Cross-Sectional versions of the file. In the Master file, the yields are sorted by issue, then date. For any issue, header variables FSTYLD and LSTYLD can be used to delimit the day numbers of the range. In the Cross-Sectional file, the yields are sorted by date, then issue. For any quote date, calendar variable NUMACT contains the number of yields available.

#### ACCINT Total Accrued Interest At End of Day

Accrued interest on U.S. Treasury marketable securities is calculated on the basis of the number of days between interest payment dates for a \$100 bond or note. Interest is accrued either from the last interest payment date or the dated date (when an interest payment has not yet occurred) to the quotation date.

#### YIELD Promised Daily Yield

YIELD is the promised yield daily rate, also called daily yield to maturity.

At any date, the promised yield of a security is the single interest or discount rate which makes the sum of the present values of the principle at maturity and future interest payments be precisely equal to the flat price of the security. The flat price is the nominal price, e.g., mean of BID and ASK, plus the accrued interest on the date in question. If a price is missing, the YIELD for that month is set to -99.

#### **RETNUA** Unadjusted Return

RETNUA is price change plus interest, divided by last day's price. It is set to a large negative number for days in which a return cannot be calculated, i.e. if the price is missing for either this day or last day. Missing returns are set to -99.

$$RETNUA = \frac{XNUM}{XDEN}$$
, where

When BID and ASK available:

$$XDEN = \frac{BID (I-1) + ASK (I-1)}{2} + ACCINT (I-1)$$
$$XNUM = \frac{BID (I) + ASK (I)}{2} - \frac{BID (I-1) + ASK (I-1)}{2} + YINT$$
$$YINT = PDINT (I) + ACCINT (I) - ACCINT (I-1)$$

For all other cases:

XNUM = BID(I) - BID(I-1) + YINT XDEN = BID(I-1) + ACCINT(I-1) YINT = PDINT(I) + ACCINT(I) - ACCINT(I-1)

#### DURATN Duration (Macaulay's Duration)

Duration is the weighted average number of days until the cash flows occur, where the present values, discounted by yield to maturity, of each payment are used as the weights<sup>1</sup>. Also known as Macaulay's Duration.

If,  $P_{t_0}$ ,  $P_{t_2}$ , ...,  $P_{t_n}$  are the present values at time  $t_0$  of payment promised at perhaps unequally spaced time intervals  $t_1, t_2, ..., t_n$  then the duration of that promised stream measured at  $t_0$  is:<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> Some Theoretical Problems of Interest Rates, Bond Yields and Stock Prices in the United States Since 1856. Frederick R. MacAulay, National Bureau of Economic Research, 1938, 44-53.

<sup>2.</sup> Coping with the Risk of Interest-Rate Fluctuations: Returns to Bondholders from Naive and Optimal Strategies, Lawrence Fisher and Roman L. Weil, Journal of Business, vol. 44, 415.

### **DEBT** — Amounts Outstanding

Amounts outstanding are present in the Master file, sorted by issue and date. The header variable NUMDBT contains the number of records available for an issue. These values are typically reported monthly. Total amounts outstanding are obtained from the *Monthly Statement of the Public Debt of the United States*. The amounts publicly held are obtained from the quarterly *Treasury Bulletin*. The *Treasury Bulletin* was reported monthly before 1983.

#### DQDATE Effective Date of Amount Outstanding Values in YYYYMMDD Format

#### TOTOUT Face Value Outstanding

Amount (face value) issued and still outstanding in millions of dollars. Set to 0 for unknown values up to December 31, 1961 and set to -1 for unavailable values after December 31, 1961.

#### PUBOUT Publicly Held Face Value Outstanding

Amount (face value) held by the public in millions of dollars. This is the total amount outstanding (TOTOUT) minus the amount held in U.S. Government accounts and Federal Reserve Banks. This amount is not available for Treasury Bills and is always set to 0. For other issues, set to 0 for unknown values up to December 31, 1961 and set to -1 for unavailable values after December 31, 1961. After December 31, 1982, these numbers are reported quarterly instead of monthly and the reported values are carried forward for the next two months.

# **PAYMENTS** — Interest Payments

Payments are present in the Master file, sorted by issue and date. The values are derived from the frequency and amount of coupon payments, the first coupon date, value of first coupon, and maturity date. Payments are only stored for the time range of an issue's quotes. Bills have no payment records.

### PQDATE Interest Payment Dates, in YYYYMMDD Format

#### PDINT Interest Paid

PDINT is the coupon payable on the interest payment date.

# **CRSP Fixed Term Indices Files**

The CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Fixed Term Indices Files contain 1, 2, 5, 7, 10, 20 and 30 year Fixed Term Indices. These issues are sorted by termtype, which distinguishes the length of maturity. A valid issue that best represents each term is chosen at the end of each month for each of the above referenced fixed terms. A valid issue is one that is at least one half year prior to the target maturity date and is fully taxable. The selection process filters a representative bond from each of the fixed term groups. The first selection criteria are; a non-callable, non-flower bond that is closest to the target maturity of its group and fully taxable. If more than one issue remains, and/or none are available which fit the above criteria, they are then respectively filtered on the basis of flower bonds acceptable at par, and accrued interest if owned by descendent at time of death.

These values were designed to plot a sophisticated yield curve and the user may reference the yields with returns, prices and durations.

The Fixed Term Indices Daily Files begin June 14, 1961. The specific maturities are as follows:

Termtype	Index
3012	30 year
2012	20 year
1012	10 year
712	7 year
512	5 year
212	2 year
112	1 year
	-

#### **Indices Variable Items**

#### ACCINT Total Accrued Interest At End of Day

Accrued interest on U.S. Treasury marketable securities is calculated on the basis of the number of days between interest payment dates for a \$100 bond or note. Interest is accrued either from the last interest payment date or the dated date (when an interest payment has not yet occurred) to the quotation date.

#### BID & ASK Prices

The bid price is the price at which a buyer is willing to purchase a security. The ask price is the price at which the seller is offering to sell the security.

Arrays BID and ASK contain day-end bid and ask information when available for each quote date prior to maturity.

Information in Data Source	BID	ASK
No price	0	0
Sale	Sale	0
Bid only	Bid	-Bid
Ask only	-Ask	Ask
Bid and Ask	Bid	Ask
Mean of Bid and Ask	Mean	Mean

#### CRSPID CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number

The CRSPID is in the format YYYYMMDD.TCCCCE, where:

YYYY	=	Maturity Year
MM	=	Maturity Month
DD	=	Maturity Day
Т	=	Type Of Issue (TYPE)
CCCC	=	Integer Part of (COUPRT x 100)
E	=	Uniqueness Number (UNIQ)

For example, 19850515.504250 identifies a 41/4% callable bond which matures May 15, 1985. For callable notes and bonds, the YYYY portion of the CRSPID contains only the final maturity date of the issue and not the first eligible call date for that issue.

#### DURATN Duration (Macaulay's Duration)

Duration is the weighted average number of days until the cash flows occur, where the present values, discounted by yield to maturity, of each payment are used as the weights<sup>1</sup>. Also known as Macaulay's Duration.

If  $P_{t_0}$ ,  $P_{t_2}$ ,...,  $P_{t_n}$  are the present values at time  $t_0$  of payment promised at perhaps unequally spaced time intervals  $t_1, t_2, ..., t_n$  then the duration of that promised stream measured at  $t_0$  is:<sup>2</sup>

$$D_{t_0} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} (t_j - t_0) P_{t_j}}{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} P_{t_j}} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} t_j P_{t_j}}{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} P_{t_j}} - t_0$$

#### **QDATE** Date of Quotation, in YYYYMMDD Format

QDATE contains the Trading Quote Dates for the Bond Files. These dates are stored in the form YYYYMMDD (year, month, and date).

#### RETADJ One Month Holding Period Return

RETADJ is the one month holding period return expressed as a percentage.

RETADJ(I)=100 \*RETNUA(I)

#### TERMTYPE Index Identification Number

Fixed term index identification number links all results in the Fixed-Term Indices File. The identification is typically in the form YYYYMM, where YYYY is the number of years to maturity of issues selected in the index and MM is the number of months an issue is held once selected before another is chosen.

#### YEARSTM Years to Maturity

Number of years left to maturity. In the fixed term index files, YEARSTM contains the time left to maturity of the selected issue as of the quote date, expressed annually as a decimal amount.

#### YTM Annualized Yield

YTM is the annualized YIELD to maturity expressed as a percent per annum. See YIELDS: YIELD.

*YTM(I)*=100\*[*YLD(I)*\*365]

<sup>1.</sup> Some Theoretical Problems of Interest Rates, Bond Yields and Stock Prices in the United States Since 1856. Frederick R. Macaulay, National Bureau of Economic Research, 1938, 44-53.

<sup>2.</sup> Coping with the Risk of Interest-Rate Fluctuations: Returns to Bondholders from Naive and Optimal Strategies, Lawrence Fisher and Roman L. Weil, Journal of Business, vol. 44, 415.

# **CHAPTER FOUR:** ACCESSING THE DATA

# **OVERVIEW**

This chapter provides sample programs written in FORTRAN 77, and describes the ASCII, Excel and SAS Files.

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# **CHAPTER 4. ACCESSING THE DATA**

The CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files are available in three formats: ASCII, Excel, and SAS.

- 1. The ASCII files, closely structured to the format formerly provided on the tape, work with the included C and FORTRAN sample programs and subroutines and can be used to load into various other programs. These files were used to create the Excel and SAS files. See Section 4.3 for details about the ASCII file specifications for the Master Bills, Notes, and Bonds (MBM) File, the associated Header File, Cross Sectional (MBX) File and the Fixed Term Indices File. Section 4.2 contains descriptions of the sample programs and subroutines.
- 2. The Excel 5.0/95 Workbook files may contain multiple worksheets per file. The large master and cross sectional files were not converted into Excel because of their size. See Section 4.3 for details about the Excel file and work sheet layout.
- 3. The SAS files contain the entire Master File. They were combined and are distributed in one large transport file created in SAS PROC CPORT, to support SAS's many different platforms and data engines. Sample SAS code is provided to create Cross Sectional Files from the Master Files. See Section 4.3 for detail on the SAS File layout.

# **CD-ROM**

### Label

The CRSP Daily US Government Bond Files are available on CD and have the internal volume label BDR1\_199812.

# **CD-ROM Layout**

The top level of the CD contains the directory containing the ASCII character data (data), the documentation (doc), data converted into MS Excel 5.0/95 (excel), data converted into SAS (sas), source code containing uncompiled FORTRAN (forsrc) and C (src) sample programs and subroutines, and two text files; a copy of the accompanying License (license.txt), a copy of CRSP's Copyright Statement (copyright.txt), and a copy of CRSP's Notice of Use (notice.txt).

The BXDLYIND ASCII character file in the data directory contains multiple series. In this cases, the combined file is stored in the top level data directory and a subdirectory (data\bxdlyind\) exists with the individual series.

The \doc\pdf directory contains the database guide in Acrobat Adobe (.pdf) format.

# 4.1 Installation

The CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds File has been created in tabular format to make it easy to use with CRSP sample programs or other tools. The files can be directly loaded into relational databases or statistical packages as well as used with CRSP sample programs that can support sequential or random access. The data were split into independent files that can be managed in parts or groups. It is highly recommended that the Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files are loaded from the CD and accessed on disk.

There are three possible strategies for using the files:

- 1. Use with third party tools or applications, or user-created programs.
- 2. CRSP FORTRAN and/or C access of the character files.
- 3. Conversion to binary with CRSP C conversion programs and CRSP FORTRAN and/or C access of the binary files.

If using the first option, see the CD Layout and the File Specifications in section 4.3. If exclusively using CRSP sample programs, it is recommended to convert to binary to take advantage of random access and smaller files.

#### **Use of CRSP Sample Programs**

In this section you will learn how to install the programs and data from the CDs, how to convert the master and crosssectional data from character format to binary format, and how to use the sample programs to access the data.

The files on CD do not have installation scripts. Therefore, we recommend following the strategy outlined below for utilizing the programs described in Section 4.

- Load the CD in your CD drive.
- The system will mount the CD for NT and Sun Solaris.

A sample OpenVMS mount command would be (device name dka600: may be different depending on your machine.):

```
mount /media=cd dka600: BMR1_199812 /undefined_fat=(stream_lf:500)
- /shared /bind=BMR1 199812#1
```

A sample Digital Unix Installation on Digital Alpha mount command would be: (device name /dev/rz4c may be different depending on your machine.)

mount -t cdfs -o noversion /dev/rz4c /cd

Programs were developed on an OpenVMS system and tested on Sun OS Unix. Standard FORTRAN and C functions were used whenever possible, but users will have to make minor modifications to open statements and include files on some systems.

In the FORTRAN sources the open statements are performed in the sample programs only, the access and utility subroutines assume that all files are already opened.

The C programs and subroutines use generic input/output functions, so only these routines should need to be modified. The generic C input/output routines are contained in the file file\_fncts.c. Some modifications are also necessary in the FORTRAN sample programs that call the C access routines, according to specific compiler requirements regarding passing parameters between C and FORTRAN. The provided programs and listings are specific to VMS C compiler.

Copy the sample programs, subroutines, and include files from the CD to disk. Choose only sources that are suitable for you according to the following table:

Language	Access	Data Files Type	Necessary Files
FORTRAN	Sequential	Character	for_samp.for
			for_sub.for
			for_incl.txt
FORTRAN + C access	Sequential + Random	Binary	for_samp.for
			for_sub.for
			for_incl.txt
			c_sub.c
			c_incl.h
С	Sequential + Random	Character + Binary	c_samp.c
			c_sub.c
			c_incl.h

Separate the files (which consist of program segments merged together) into their individual components according to the following table:

CD File	Component Name	Line Numbers
FOR_SAMP	BMSAMP.FOR	1-174
	BXSAMP.FOR	175-314
	BMBFOR.FOR	315-417
	BMBRAN.FOR	418-546
	BXBFOR.FOR	547-646
	BXBRAN.FOR	647-774
FOR_SUB	BMGETC.FOR	1-180
	BXGETC.FOR	181-312
	BXCGTC.FOR	313-374
	BMUTIL.FOR	375-676
	BXUTIL.FOR	677-781
	CALUTI.FOR	782-1444
FOR_INCL	BMINCL.TXT	1-142
	BXINCL.TXT	143-212
	CALINC.TXT	213-285
	BMBPRM.TXT	286-312
	BXBPRM.TXT	313-338
C_SAMP	BMC_READ_SEQ.C	1-106
	BMC_READ_RAND.C	107-229
	BXC_READ_SEQ.C	230-330
	BXC_READ_RAND.C	331-450
	BMB_READ_SEQ.C	451-557
	BMB READ RAND.C	558-680
	BXB_READ_SEQ.C	681-781
	BXB READ RAND.C	782-904
	BMC_BMB_CONV.C	905-1019
	BXC_BXB_CONV.C	1020-1141
C_SUB	BMC_ACCESS.C	1-824
	BXC ACCESS.C	825-1419
	BMB ACCESS.C	1420-2193
	BXB ACCESS.C	2194-2785
	BXCALC_ACCESS.C	2786-2862
	BXCALB ACCESS.C	2863-2956
	BM UTIL.C	2957-3256
	BX UTIL.C	3257-3318
	BXCAL UTIL.C	3319-3824
	BMB WRITE.C	3825-4281
	BXB_WRITE.C	4282-4556
	BXCALB_WRITE.C	4557-4642
	FILE_FNCTS.C	4643-4873
	BXBRDK.C	4874-5032
	BXBRDK.C	5033-5168
	BXBCAL.C	5169-5249
C INCL	BND STRUCT.H	1-156
	BND_CONST.H	157-281

# CRSP DAILY US GOVERNMENT BILLS, NOTES, AND BONDS

Modify the include statements and open statements in the programs and subroutines according to your system and compiler. Compile the subroutines and include them in an object library. We suggest creating separate libraries for FORTRAN and C sources.

Compile the sample programs and link them with the libraries. The sample programs can be modified to meet your requirements.

Copy all the data files from the CD to disk.

Run bmc\_bmb\_conv to create the binary calendar file and the binary master file. Provide as parameter the path of the directory of the data files.

Run bxc\_bxb\_conv to create the binary cross-sectional file. Provide as parameter the path of the directory of the data files.

#### **Modifications for Unix**

The file input/output and the compatibility between FORTRAN and C must be changed on some systems. The following changes should be made to CRSP programs to run the code provided on a SunOS Unix system.

Replace header files <unixio.h> and <file.h> with <fcntl.h>

Add "#define SEEK\_SET 0"

If <fcntl.h> does not exist in your system, modify the open and lseek system calls in file\_fncts.c to remove VMS-specific options, for example

```
--... if ((fdes = open(buf, 0)) == -1) { ...
--... if ((ret_index = lseek(fdes,offset,0)) != offset) { ...
```

Files that are created by binary conversion will need permissions set with the chmod command.

For the C functions called by FORTRAN (the bmbrdk.c and bxbrdk.c files) you should modify the name of the functions by adding an "\_" at the very end of the name. For example, bmbclo\_() will become bmbclo\_(). This is because the FORTRAN compiler adds an '\_' at the end of the name of a function in the library.

For the FORTRAN source calling the C functions, take out all%REF from the passed parameters

# **4.2 Description of Programs**

CRSP has provided both FORTRAN and C subroutines and sample programs that can be used to access the Bills, Notes, and Bonds Data in Master or Cross-Sectional File format. The FORTRAN programs can read sequentially the character files provided and C programs can read sequentially or randomly the character files provided. In addition, there are C programs that can convert the data files to binary and C and FORTRAN programs that can read sequentially or randomly the binary files created.

The following table shows how data items can be accessed in the FORTRAN programs for Master or Cross-Sectional files. The table is ordered by data item names as described in Section 3. Usage shows whether the data item is being accessed in Master or Cross-Sectional Files. The calendar is available in both groups of files. Common block names are not used when directly accessing a variable in a program.

Group	Data Item Name	FORTRAN Data Type	Usage	FORTRAN variable with Common Block	Index I Between
Group		Duta Lype	a la la		
CALENDAR	QDATE	INTEGER	Calendar	/BXCAL/QDATE[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
		" TNEEGED	Cross-Sectional	/BXCAL/XQDATE	
	DELDAT	INTEGER	Calendar	/BXCAL/DELDAT[1]	I and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CDIM	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CDIM[1]	I and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CD3M CD6M	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CDM3M[1]	I and /BACAL/NQDAT
	CDOM	DEAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CDOM[1]	1 and /BXCAL/NODAT
	CPSOD	DEAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CPS0D[1]	1 and /BXCAL/NODAT
	CPOOD	DEAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CP00D[1]	1 and /BXCAL/NODAT
	CF JOD FFFFFDT	DEAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CF90D[1]	1 and /BXCAL/NODAT
	FFMINR	REAL PEAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/FFMINE[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NODAT
	FFMAXR	REAL REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/FFMAXR[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NODAT
	NUMACT	INTEGER	Calendar	/BXCAL/NIIMACT [1]	1 and /BXCAL/NODAT
	WOMACI	INTEGER "	Cross-Sectional	/BXHFAD/XNUM	
			Cross Dectionar	/ DAILEAD / ANOLI	11/ u
HEADER	CRSPID	CHARACTER*15	Master	/BMHEAD/CRSPID	n/a
	n	"	Cross-Sectional	/BMHEAD/CRSPID[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	TYPE	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/TYPE	n/a
	MATDT	REAL*8	Master	/BMHEAD/MATDT	n/a
	COUPRT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/COUPRT	n/a
	UNIQ	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/UNIQ	n/a
	WHY	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/WHY	n/a
	DATDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/DATDT	n/a
	BANKDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/BANKDT	n/a
	FCALDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FCALDT	n/a
	YMCNOT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/YMCNOT	n/a
	NOTICE	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/NOTICE	n/a
	TAX	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/TAX	n/a
	FLOWER	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FLOWER	n/a
	FCPDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FCPDT	n/a
	FCPDTF	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FCPDTF	n/a
	VALFC	REAL*8	Master	/BMHEAD/VALFC	n/a
	CUSIP	CHARACTER*8	Master	/BMHEAD/CUSIP	n/a
	NAME	CHARACTER*8	Master	/BMHEAD/NAME	n/a
	FSTQUO	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO	n/a
	LSTQUO	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/LSTQUO	n/a
	FSTYLD	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FSTYLD	n/a
	LSTYLD	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/LSTYLD	n/a
	NUMPAY	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/NUMPAY	n/a
	NUMDBT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/NUMDBT	n/a
QUOTES	BID	REAL*8	Master	/BMQUO/BID[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO and
	w	w	Cross-Sectional	/BXQUO/BID[I]	/BMHEAD/LS10001 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	ASK	REAL*8	Master	/BMQUO/ASK[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO and /BMHEAD/LSTQUO
	N	IL	Cross-Sectional	/BXQUO/ASK[I]	/BXQUO/ASK[I] 1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	SOURCE	CHARACTER*1	Master	/BMQUO/SOURCE[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO and /BMHEAD/LSTQUO
	"	n	Cross-Sectional	/BXQUO/SOURCE[I]	1 and $BXHEAD/XNUM$
					/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and
YIELDS	ACCINT	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/ACCINT[I]	/BMHEAD/LSTYLD
	w	n	Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/ACCINT[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM

# Data Items vs. FORTRAN Variable Usage

# CRSP DAILY US GOVERNMENT BILLS, NOTES, AND BONDS

Group	Data Item Name	FORTRAN Data Type	Usage	FORTRAN variable with Common Block	Index I Between
					/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and
	YLD	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/YLD[I]	/BMHEAD/LSTYLD
	"	u	Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/YLD[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
					/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and
	RETNUA	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/RETNUA[I]	/BMHEAD/LSTYLD
	"	u.	Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/RETNUA[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
					/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and
	DURATN	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/DURATN[I]	/BMHEAD/LSTYLD
	n	N.	Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/DURATN[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
DEBT	DQDATE	INTEGER	Master	/BMDEBT/DQDATE[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMDBT
	TOTOUT	INTEGER	Master	/BMDEBT/TOTOUT[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMDBT
	PUBOUT	INTEGER	Master	/BMDEBT/PUBOUT[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMDBT
PAYMENTS	PQDATE	INTEGER	Master	/BMPAY/PQDATE[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMPAY
	PDINT	REAL*8	Master	/BMPAY/PDINT[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMPAY

The following table shows how data items can be accessed in the C programs for Master or Cross-Sectional files. The table is ordered by data item names as described in Section 3. Usage shows whether the data items is being accessed in Master or Cross-Sectional Files. The calendar is available in both groups of files.

Group	Data Item Name	C Data Type	Usage	C Variable with Structure	Index i Between
CALENDAR	ODATE	int	Calender	bxcal.gdat [i]	1 and nbx cal
	ñ	"	Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxhead.qdate	n/a –
	DELDAT	int	Calender	bxcal.deldat [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CD1M	float	Calender	bxcal.cd1m [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CD3M	float	Calender	bxcal.cdm3m [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CD6M	float	Calender	bxcal.cd6m [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CP30D	float	Calender	bxcal.cp30d [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CP60D	float	Calender	bxcal.cp60d [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CP90D	float	Calender	bxcal.cp90d [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	FFERT	float	Calender	bxcal.ffefrt [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	FFMINR	float	Calender	bxcal.ffminr [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	FFMAXR	Tloat	Calender	DXCal.IIMaxr [1]	1 and nbx_cal
	NUMACI	Inc	Calender Cross Sectional	bxcal.numact [1]	1 and nbx_cal
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxhead.humact	n/a
HEADER	CRSPID	Char[16]	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.crspid	n/a
		"	Cross-Sectional	bm_struct.bmquo.crspid [1]	0 and bx_struct.bxhead.numact
	TWDD	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Cross-Sectional	bm_struct.bmyid.crspid [1]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.humact< td=""></bx_struct.bxhead.humact<>
	MATDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmbood_motdt	11/d
	COUDRT	double	Master	bm struct bmbead couprt	11/d n/a
	UNITO	int	Master	bm_struct_bmhead_unig	n/a
	WHY	int	Master	bm_struct_bmhead_why	n/a
	DATDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.datdt	n/a
	BANKDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.bankdt	n/a
-	FCALDT	int	Master	bm struct.bmhead.fcaldt	n/a
	YMCNOT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.ymcnot	n/a
	NOTICE	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.notice	n/a
	TAX	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.tax	n/a
	FLOWER	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.flower	n/a
	FCPDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fcpdt	n/a
	FCPDTF	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fcpdtf	n/a
	VALFC	double	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.valfc	n/a
	CUSIP	char[9]	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.cusip	n/a
	NAME	char[9]	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.name	n/a
	FSTQUO	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo	n/a
	LSTQUO	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo	n/a
	FSTYLD	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.istyld	n/a
	LSTYLD	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld	n/a
	NUMPAI	int	Master	bm_struct.bmbood_numdbt	11/d
	NUMDBI	IIIC	waster	bit_struct.bittlead.fidilidbt	11/ a
					bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo and
QUOTES	BID	double	Master	<pre>bm_struct.bmquo.bid[i]</pre>	bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo
	"	"	Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxquo.bid [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact< td=""></bx_struct.bxhead.numact<>
					bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo and
	ASK	double	Master	bm_struct.bmquo.ask [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo
	"	"	Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxquo.ask[i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact< th=""></bx_struct.bxhead.numact<>
					bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo and
	SOURCE	char	Master	<pre>bm_struct.bmquo.source [i]</pre>	bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo
	w	w	Cross-Sectional	<pre>bx_struct.bxquo.source [i]</pre>	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact< td=""></bx_struct.bxhead.numact<>
		1			bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld and
YIELDS	ACCINT	double	Master	bm_struct.bmyld.accint [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
	"	w	Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxyld.accint [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact< td=""></bx_struct.bxhead.numact<>

# Data Items vs. C Variable Usage

Group	Data Item Name	C Data Type	Usage	C Variable with Structure	Index i Between
					bm_struct.bmhead.istyld and
	YLD	double	Master	<pre>bm_struct.bmyld.yld [i]</pre>	bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
	w	"	Cross-Sectional	<pre>bx_struct.bxyld.yld[i]</pre>	<pre>0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact< pre=""></bx_struct.bxhead.numact<></pre>
					bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld and
	RETNUA	double	Master	<pre>bm_struct.bmyld.retnua [i]</pre>	bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
	w	"	Cross-Sectional	<pre>bx_struct.bxyld.retnua [i]</pre>	<pre>0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact< pre=""></bx_struct.bxhead.numact<></pre>
					bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld and
	DURATN	double	Master	<pre>bm_struct.bmyld.duratn [i]</pre>	bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
	w	"	Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxyld.duratn [i]	<pre>0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact< pre=""></bx_struct.bxhead.numact<></pre>
DEBT	DQDATE	int	Master	bm_struct.bmdebt.qdate [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt< th=""></bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt<>
	TOTOUT	int	Master	<pre>bm_struct.bmdebt.totout [i]</pre>	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt< th=""></bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt<>
	PUBOUT	int	Master	<pre>bm_struct.bmdebt.pubout [i]</pre>	<pre>0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt< pre=""></bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt<></pre>
PAYMENTS	PQDATE	int	Master	bm_struct.bmpay.qdate [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numpay< th=""></bm_struct.bmhead.numpay<>
	PDINT	double	Master	bm_struct.bmdebt.pdint [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numpay< th=""></bm_struct.bmhead.numpay<>

### **FORTRAN Sample Programs**

The sample programs give short examples of how to access the CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Data with the access routines using FORTRAN. The first two give basic examples of the FORTRAN sequential access to the character files, while the last four illustrate both sequential and random access to the binary files, using C access routines which are described later in this chapter. To use a sample program, copy it to your directory, edit the program to meet your needs and run according to the instructions inside the program.

- **BMSAMP** Program *BMSAMP* reads the character calendar file and the character master file. *BMSAMP* first calls subroutine *BXCGTC* to read the character calendar file into the common block /BXCAL/. *BMSAMP* then makes successive calls to *BMGETC*, each call reading all data for one issue from data files into the common blocks /BMHEAD/ (header information), /BMQUO/ (quotes information), /BMYLD/ (yield information), /BMDEBT/ (debt information) and /BMPAY/ (payment information).
- **BXSAMP** Program *BXSAMP* reads the character calendar file and the character cross-sectional file. *BXSAMP* first calls subroutine *BXCGTC* to read the character calendar file into the common block /BXCAL/. *BXSAMP* then makes successive calls to *BXGETC*, each call reading all data for one quote date from the data files into the common blocks /BXHEAD/ (header information), / BXQUO/ (quotes information), /BXYLD/ (yield information).
- **BMBFOR** Program *BMBFOR* reads sequentially the Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds master binary files using C access functions. *BMBFOR* calls subroutine *BMBRDK* to read a BM\_STRUCT structure. It also calls *BMBOPE* to open the files and load the index and *BMBCLO* to close the files.
- **BMBRAN** Program *BMBRAN* reads randomly the Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds master binary files using C access functions. *BMBRAN* calls subroutine *BMBRDK* to read a BM\_STRUCT structure. It also calls *BMBOPE* to open the files and *BMBCLO* to close the files.
- **BXBFOR** Program *BXBFOR* reads sequentially the Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds crosssectional binary files using C access functions. *BXBFOR* calls subroutine *BXBRDK* to read a BX\_STRUCT structure. It also calls *BXBOPE* to open the files and load the index and *BXBCLO* to close the files.
- **BXBRAN** Program *BXBRAN* reads sequentially the Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds crosssectional binary files using C access functions. *BXBRAN* calls subroutine *BXBRDK* to read a BX\_STRUCT structure. It also calls *BXBOPE* to open the files and load the index and *BXBCLO* to close the files.

# **FORTRAN Access Subroutines**

CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds File FORTRAN access subroutines are used by FORTRAN programs to actually retrieve CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds data for processing. These subroutines should be included in an object library. You should link the library with each program that uses any of the access functions.

BMGETC (\*, \*) Subroutine BMGETC first calls BMRES to erase the previous record's data and then reads all data for one issue from the data files into the common blocks /BMHEAD/ (header information), /BXQUO/ (quotes information), /BMYLD/ (yield information), /BMDEBT/ (debt information) and /BMPAY/ (payment information). BMGETC first reads a header record and then reads LSTQUO - FSTQUO + 1 quotes records, LSTYLD - FSTYLD + 1 yield records, NUMDBT debt records and NUMPAY payment records. BMGETC makes sure that the CRSPID from the header and the data records are the same. The first alternate return is taken from the file. The second alternate return is taken if there is an error.

#### BXGETC (THEDAY, NUMREC, \*,\*)

Subroutine BXGETC first calls BXRES to erase the previous record's data and then reads all data for one quote date from the data files into the common blocks /BXHEAD/ (header information), / BXYLD/ (yield information). BXGETC has two parameters:

THEDAY - the quote date NUMREC - the number of issues having the THEDAY quote date

BXGETC reads NUMREC quotes records and then NUMREC yield records. BXGETC makes sure that the parameter THEDAY and the quote date of the data records are the same and that the CRSPID of the quotes data is the same as the CRSPID of the yield data. The first alternate return is taken at the end of the file. The second alternate return is taken if there is an error.

**BXCGTC** Subroutine BXCGTC reads the character calendar file into the /BXCAL/ common block.

BXGETC reads NUMREC quotes records and then NUMREC yield records. BXGETC makes sure that the parameter THEDAY and the quote date of the data records are the same and that the CRSPID of the quotes data is the same as the CRSPID of the yield data. The first alternate return is taken at the end of the file. The second alternate return is taken if there is an error.

BXCGTCSubroutine BXCGTC reads the character calendar file into the /BXCAL/ common bloc

# **FORTRAN Utility Subroutines**

CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds FORTRAN utility subroutines are used by FORTRAN programs to actually obtain different CRSP derived variables. These subroutines should also be included into the object library. You should link the library with each program that uses any of the utility functions.

Subroutine	Туре	Description
BMRES	BM	reset master structure
BXRES	BX	reset cross-sectional structure
BXCLJL	CAL	convert calendar date to Julian date
FPDINT	BM	derive paid interest for a date
IDBT	CAL	find index in debt array for a date
INDCAL	CAL	find index in a calendar for a date
INDCID	BX	find index in a CRSPID list for a CRSPID
IPAY	BM	find index in payment structure for a date
IQDAY	CAL	find DD day for a calendar index
JAHRMO	CAL	find year and month for a calendar index
NDDATE	CAL	find Julian day number of delivery date for a calendar index
NDHFYR	CAL	return number of days in last half year
NDIFDT	CAL	find difference in days between 2 dates
NDZERO	CAL	find zero'th day of a month
NFQDAT	CAL	find YYMMDD date from calendar index
NPOUT	BM	find publicly held value for calendar index
NQDATE	CAL	Julian day number for calendar index
NQTOQD	CAL	find number of days between given index and previous
NTOUT	BM	find total debt for calendar index
PCYIELD	BM	calculate yield to maturity compounded to given frequency
RETADJ	BM, BX	express holding period return as a percentage
YTM	BM, BX	calculate annualized yield to maturity

#### **FORTRAN Utility Subroutines**

BMRESSubroutine BMRES resets the vectors belonging to the previous master structure. It initializes<br/>the /BMQUO/, /BMYLD/, /BMDEBT/ and /BMPAY/ common blocks.

BXRES

Subroutine BXRES resets the vectors belonging to the previous master structure. It initializes the /BXHEAD/, /BMQUO/ and /BMYLD/ common blocks.

#### BXCLJL (IDTCAL, IDTJUL, \*)

Subroutine BXCLJL converts a calendar date to its linear (Julian) date equivalent. IDTCAL is the integer YYYYMMDD date which BXCLJL should convert, IDTJUL is the converted (Julian) date which BXCLJL returns. The alternative return is used if IDTCAL is an illegal date.

#### INTEGER FPDINT (IDXCAL)

Function FPDINT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, calls the IPAY function to get the index in the BMPAY vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the paid interest for that date. FPDINT returns -1 if the date was not found.

#### INTEGER IDBT (IDXCAL)

Function IDBT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, searches in the BMDEBT vector and returns the index in the BMDEBT vector corresponding to the calendar data. IDBT returns -1 if the date was not found.

#### INTEGER INDCAL (DATE, CODE, ARRAY, MAXARR)

Function INDCAL can be used to locate the index of a date in a given date array. DATE is the value to be located in array ARRAY with MAXARR sorted values. CODE is one of -1, 0, 1, depending of what action is taken when the exact given date is not found. If CODE = 0 and the exact date is not found, 0 is returned. If CODE = -1 and the exact date is not found, the index of the first date less than DATE is returned, or 0 is returned if DATE is less than any date in the array. If CODE = 1 and the exact date is not found, the first date greater than DATE will be returned, or 0 is returned if DATE is greater than any date in the array.

#### INTEGER INDCID (CRSPID, CODE, ARRAY, MAXARR)

Function INDCID can be used to locate the index of a CRSPID in a given CRSPIDs array. CRSPID is the value to be located in array ARRAY with MAXARR sorted values. CODE is one of -1, 0, 1, depending of what action is taken when the CRSPID is not found. If CODE = 0 and the CRSPID is not found, 0 is returned. If CODE = -1 and the CRSPID is not found, the index of the previous CRSPID in the array is returned, or 0 is returned if CRSPID is the first one in the array. If CODE = 1 and the CRSPID is not found, the index of the next CRSPID in the array will be returned, or 0 is returned if CRSPID is the last one in the array.

#### INTEGER IPAY (IDXCAL)

Function IPAY takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, searches in the BMPAY vector and returns the index in the BMPAY vector corresponding to the calendar data. IPAY returns -1 if the date was not found.

#### INTEGER IQDAY (IDXCAL)

Function IQDAY takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the day (DD) of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

#### INTEGER JAHRMO (IDXCAL)

Function JAHRMO takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the year and month (YYYYMM) of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

#### INTEGER NDDATE (IDXCAL)

Function NDDATE takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the number of days of the delivery date which have index IDXCAL. NDDATE calls the BXCLJL function to get the day number. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range or if BXCLJL fails.

#### INTEGER NDHFYR (IDXCAL)

Function NDHFYR takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the number of days in the last half year corresponding to the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NDHFYR calls the NDIFDT function to get the difference between the quotation date. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

#### INTEGER NDIFDT (IDAT1, IDAT2)

Function NDIFDT converts two calendar dates to linear (Julian ) dates and returns the difference. IDAT1 and IDAT2 are integer YYYYMMDD dates. NDIFDT calls the BXCLJL function to calculate the linear (Julian) dates.

#### INGETER NDZERO (IDXCAL)

Function NDZERO takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the zero'th day of the month of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NQDATE calls the BXCLJL function to get the linear date. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range or if BXCLJL fails.

#### INTEGER NFQDAT (IDXCAL)

Function NFQDAT takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the quotation date (YYMMDD) which has index IDXCAL. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

#### INTEGER NPOUT (IDXCAL)

Function NPOUT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, calls the IDBT function to get the index in the BMDEBT vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the publicly held face value outstanding for that date. NPOUT returns -1 if the date was not found.

#### INTEGER NQDATE (IDXCAL)

Function NQDATE takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the day number of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NQDATE calls the BXCLJL function to get the day number. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range or if BXCLJL fails.

#### INTEGER NQTOQD (IDXCAL)

Function NQTOQD takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the number of days between the previous quotation date and the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NQTOQD calls the NQDATE function to get the linear (Julian) quotation dates. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

#### INTEGER NTOUT (IDXCAL)

Function NTOUT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, calls the IDBT function to get the index in the BMDEBT vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the face value outstanding for that date. NTOUT returns -1 if the date was not found.

#### PCYLD (PCYARR, FREQ)

Subroutine PCYLD calculates the yield to maturity. PCYLD has two parameters:

PCYARR - an array of floats which will be loaded with the calculated values FREQ - the frequency

If a yield is missing, the value will be -99

**RETADJ (ADJARR** Subroutine RETADJ calculates the holding period return expressed as a percentage. RETADJ has a parameter:

ADJARR - an array of floats which will be loaded with the calculated values.

If RETNUA, the unadjusted return, is missing, the value will be -999

**YTM (YTMARR)** Subroutine YTM calculates the annualized yield to maturity. YTM has a parameter:

YTMARR - an array of floats which will be loaded with the calculated values

If a yield is missing, the value will be -999

# **FORTRAN Include Files**

The Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds sample programs and subroutines use include files to replace long, often-used blocks of code with single statements. If an include file is modified, all programs and subroutines that use the include file must be recompiled. All declarations needed to use the CRSP data with FORTRAN programs are automatically made by adding the include statements at the beginning of any main programs or subprograms that will use CRSP data or CRSP access or utility routines. The contents of these files are printed in Appendix B.

BMINCL	Include file <i>BMINCL</i> contains constants definitions and common blocks definitions to be used in any program or subroutine which access the master files.
BXINCL	Include file <i>BXINCL</i> contains constants definitions and common blocks definitions to be used in any program or subroutine which access the cross-sectional files.
CALINC	Include file <i>CALINC</i> contains constants definitions and common blocks definitions to be used in any program or subroutine which access the calendar file.
BMBPRM	Include file <i>BMBPRM</i> contains constants definitions to be used by programs or subroutines which access the master files using C functions.
BXBPRM	Include file <i>BXBPRM</i> contains constants definition to be used by programs or subroutines which access the cross-sectional files using C functions.

# **C** Sample Programs

The sample programs give short examples of how to access the CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds data with the access routines using C. The first four give basic examples of the C sequential and random access to the binary files, while the last four illustrate both sequential and random access to the binary files. The last two are the programs that generate the binary files from the character files. To use a sample program, copy it to your directory, edit the program to meet your needs and run according to the instructions inside the program.

### **Character Files**

Program:	bmc_read_rand
Description:	reads the character calendar file and then reads randomly the character master files.
	bmc_read_rand first calls procedure bxc_cal_load to load the calendar in the
	bx_cal array and then reads sequentially the input file and calls the bxc_rdkey for
	each read CRSPID. The function bxc_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bms
Methodology:	structure for the desired CRSPID.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
	inpfilename - the input file name (including the path).
Return Values:	
Notes:	The wanted CRSPIDs are read from a text file.

Program:	bmc_read_seq
Description:	Reads the character calendar file and then reads sequentially the character master files.
	bmc_read_seq first calls procedure bxc_cal_load to load the calendar in the
	bx_cal array and then reads bills, notes, and bonds data one CRSPID by one till the
	end of files. The function bmc_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bms structure for
Methodology:	the next CRSPID.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
Return Values:	
Notes:	

Program:	bxc_read_rand
Description:	Reads randomly the character cross-sectional bills, notes, and bonds files.
	bxc_read_rand reads sequentially the input file and calls the bxc_rdkey for each
	read date. The function bxc_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bxs structure for
Methodology:	the desired date.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
	inpfilename - the input file name(including the path)
Return Values:	
Notes:	The wanted dates are read from a text file.

Program:	bxc_read_seq
Description:	Reads sequentially the character cross-sectional bills, notes, and bonds files.
	bxc_read_seq reads bills, notes, and bonds data in a loop till the end of files. The
Methodology:	function bxc_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bxs structure for the next date.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
Return Values:	
Notes:	The wanted dates are read from a text file.

# **Binary Files**

Program:	bmb_read_rand
Description:.	Reads the binary calendar file and then reads randomly the binary master files.
	bmb_read_rand first calls procedure bxb_cal_load to load the calendar in the
	bx_cal array and then reads sequentially the input file and calls the bxb_rdkey for
	each read CRSPID. The function bxb_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bms
Methodology:	structure for the desired CRSPID.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
	inpfilename - the input file name(including the path)
Return Values:	
Notes:	The wanted CRSPIDs are read from a text file.

Program:	bmb_read_seq
Description:	Reads the binary calendar file and then reads sequentially the binary master files.
	bmb_read_seq first calls procedure bxb_cal_load to load the calendar in the
	bx_cal array and then reads bond data one CRSPID by one till the end of files. The
Methodology:	function bmb_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bms structure for the next CRSPID.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
Return Values:	
Notes:	

Program:	bxb_read_rand
Description:	Reads randomly the binary cross-sectional files.
	bxb_read_rand reads sequentially the input file and calls the bxb_rdkey for each
	read date. The function bxb_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bxs structure for the
Methodology:	desired date.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
	inpfilename - the input file name(including the path)
Return Values:	
Notes:	The wanted dates are read from a text file.

Program:	bxb_read_seq
Description:	Reads sequentially the binary cross-sectional files.
	bxb_read_seq reads bond data in a loop till the end of files. The function
Methodology:	bxb_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bxs structure for the next date.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
Return Values:	
Notes:	

# **Conversion Programs from Character to Binary**

Program:	bmc_bmb_conv
	Reads the character calendar file and then reads sequentially the character files and
Description:	writes into binary files the loaded structure.
	<i>bmc_bmb_conv</i> first calls procedure bxc_cal_load to load the calendar in the
	bx_cal array and then reads bond data one CRSPID by one till the end of files
	and write the data. The function bmc_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bms struc-
	ture for the next CRSPID and the function bmb_wrkey writes the structure into the
	binary files. The program also calls the bxb_cal_write to write the calendar array
Methodology:	into the binary calendar file.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
Return Values:	
Notes:	Converts the master files from character to binary.

Program:	bxc_bxb_conv
	Reads sequentially the character cross-sectional files and writes the data into the binary
Description:	cross-sectional files.
	<i>bxc_bxb_conv</i> reads character data one date by one until the end of files and writes it
	into the binary files. The function bxc_rdkey loads all wanted data in the bxs struc-
Methodology:	ture for the next date and the function bxb_wrkey write the structure into the files.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the daily bills, notes, and bonds files are
Return Values:	
Notes:	Converts the cross-sectional files from character to binary.

### **C** Access Routines

### **Functions Called by C Programs**

CRSP Bills, Notes, and Bonds daily C access subroutines are used by C programs to actually retrieve daily data for processing. These subroutines should be included into an object library. Link the library with each program that uses any of the access functions.

### **Character Files**

Function:	bmc_rdkey
Prototype:	int bmc_rdkey (bm_str, key, wanted)
Description:	Reads the data from the character master files for the given key.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to the BM_STRUCT structure to be loaded
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or MFIRST, MPREV, MLAST,
	MSAME, MNEXT
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS,
	DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxc_rdkey
Prototype:	int bxc_rdkey (bx_str, key, wanted)
Description:	Reads the data from the character cross-sectional files for the given key.
Parameters:	bx_str - pointer to the BX_STRUCT structure to be loaded
	key - the desired qdate for random access or XFIRST, XPREV, XLAST, XSAME,
	XNEXT
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any
	combination
Return Values:	success(0) the key found
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxc_cal_load
Prototype:	int bxc_cal_load (bndpath)
	Function to load the character calendar from the BXCALIND.DAT file into the
Description:	bx_cal array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the calendar file is.
Return Values:	success(nbx_cal) - the number of dates
	error(-1)

Function:	bmc_open
Prototype:	int bmc_open (bndpath,wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character master files and loads the index file in an array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are located
	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,
	ALLBM or any combination
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bxc_open
Prototype:	int bxc_open (bndpath,wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character cross-sectional files and loads the index file in an array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are located
	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any com-
	bination
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bmc_close
Prototype:	intbmc_close (wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character in master files sequentially.
	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,
Parameters:	ALLBM or any combination
Return Values:	success(0)
	couldn't close(-1)

Function:	bxc_close
Prototype:	int bxc_close (wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character in cross-sectional files sequentially.
	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX, or any
Parameters:	combination
Return Values:	success(0)
	couldn't close(-1)

# **Binary Files**

Function:	bmb_rdkey
Prototype:	int bmb_rdkey (bm_str, key, wanted)
Description:	Reads the data from the binary master files for the given key.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to the BM_STRUCT structure to be loaded
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or MFIRST, MPREV, MLAST, MSAME,
	MNEXT
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,
	ALLBM or any combination
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxb_rdkey
Prototype:	int bxb_rdkey (bx_str, key, wanted)
Description:	Reads the data from the binary cross-sectional files for the given key.
Parameters:	bx_str - pointer to the BX_STRUCT structure to be loaded
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or XFIRST, XPREV, MLAST, MSAME,
	MNEXT
	Wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any com-
	bination
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bmb_wrkey
Prototype:	intbmb_wrkey (bm_str)
Description:	Writes the data from the bm_str structure into the binary master files.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to the BM_STRUCT structure to be loaded
Return Values:	success(0) the key found
	error(-1)

Function:	bxb_wrkey
Prototype:	int bxb_wrkey (bx_str)
Description:	Writes the data from bx_str structure into the binary cross-sectional files.
Parameters:	bx_str - pointer to the BX_STRUCT structure to be loaded
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bxb_cal_load
Prototype:	int bxb_cal_load (bndpath)
	Function to load the binary calendar from the BXCALIND.DAT file into the bx_cal
Description:	array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the calendar file is
Return Values:	success(nbx_cal) - the number of dates
	error(-1)

Function:	bmb_open
Prototype:	int bmb_open (bndpath,wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted binary master files and loads the index file in an array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,
	ALLBM or any combination
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bmb_close		
Prototype:	intbmb_close (wanted)		
Description:	Close wanted binary master files sequentially.		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,		
Parameters:	ALLBM or any combination		
Return Values:	success(0)		
	error(-1) couldn't close		

Function:	bxb_open		
Prototype:	int bxb_open (bndpath,wanted)		
Description:	Opens wanted binary cross-sectional files and loads the index file in an array.		
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any com-		
	bination		
Return Values:	success(0)		
	error(-1) couldn't close		

Function:	bxb_close		
Prototype:	int bxb_close (wanted)		
Description:	Close wanted binary cross-sectional files sequentially.		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any com-		
Parameters:	bination		
Return Values:	success(0)		
	error(-1) couldn't close		

# Functions Called by FORTRAN Programs

Function:	bmbrdk		
	int bmbrdk (pbmhead, pbmquo, pbmyld, pbmpay, pbmdebt, key,		
Prototype:	wanted, ret)		
	Reads the data from the master binary files for a given key and loads them into a		
	BM_STRUCT structure and then into FORTRAN common blocks to be used by FOR-		
Description:	TRAN programs.		
Parameters:	pbmhead - pointer to the /BMHEAD/ common block		
	pbmquo - pointer to the /BMQUO/ common block		
	pbmyld - pointer to the /BMYLD/ common block		
	pbmpay - pointer to the /BMPAY/ common block		
	pbmdebt - pointer to the /BMDEBT/ common block		
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or MFIRST, MPREV, MLAST, MSAME,		
	MNEXT		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,		
	ALLBM or any combination		
	ret - the return code		
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or		
	error(-1) for:		
	-no read access		
	-key not found or no previous for same		
	-could not read a needed file		
	EOFL (-2)		

Function:	bxbrdk		
Prototype:	int bxbrdk (pbxhead, pbxquo, pbxyld, key, wanted, ret)		
	Reads the data from the cross-sectional binary files for a given key and load them into a		
	BX_STRUCT structure and then into FORTRAN common blocks to be used by FOR-		
Description:	TRAN programs.		
Parameters:	pbxhead - pointer to the /BXHEAD/ common block		
	pbxquo - pointer to the /BXQUO/ common block		
	pbxyld - pointer to the /BXYLD/ common block		
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or XFIRST, XPREV, XLAST, XSAME,		
	XNEXT		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any com-		
	bination		
	ret - the return code		
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or		
	error(-1) for:		
	-no read access		
	-key not found or no previous for same		
	-could not read a needed file		
	EOFL (-2)		

Function:	bxbcal		
Prototype:	int bxbcal (pbxcal, nbxcal, bndpath, bndlen, ret)		
	Reads the data from the binary calendar file and load them into FORTRAN common		
Description:	block to be used by FORTRAN programs.		
Parameters:	pbxcal - pointer to the /BXCAL/ common block		
	nbxcal - the number of dates		
	bndpath - the path of the directory where the file is		
	bndlen - the length of the path		
	ret - the return code		
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or		
	error(-1)		

Function:	bmbope		
Prototype:	int bmbope (bndpath, bndlen, wanted, mode, ret)		
	Opens all master binary data files and loads the index file in the array. It calls the C		
Description:	function bmb_open.		
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are		
	bndlen - the length of the path		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,		
	ALLBM or any combination		
	mode - the mode to open the files should be "R" (read) or "W" (write)		
	ret - the return code		
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or		
	error(-1)		

Function:	bmbclo		
Prototype:	intbmbclo (wanted, ret)		
Description:	Closes the master binary data files sequentially.		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS,		
Parameters:	ALLBM or any combination		
	ret - the return code		
Return Values:	success(0), or		
	error(-1)		

Function:	bxbope		
Prototype:	int bxbope (bndpath, bndlen, wanted, mode, ret)		
	Opens all cross-sectional binary data files and loads the index file in the array calling		
Description:	the C function bxb_open.		
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are		
	bndlen - the length of the path		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any com-		
	bination		
	mode - the mode to open the files should be "R" (read) or "W" (write)		
	ret - the return code		
Return Values:	success(0), or		
	error(-1)		

# CRSP DAILY US GOVERNMENT BILLS, NOTES, AND BONDS

Function:	bxbclo		
Prototype:	intbxbclo (wanted, ret)		
Description:	Close cross-sectional binary data files sequentially.		
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any com-		
Parameters:	bination		
	ret - the return code		
Return Values:	success(0), or		
	error(-1)		

# **C** Utility Routines

CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds C utility subroutines are used by C programs to actually obtain different CRSP derived variables. These subroutines should also be included in the object library. Link the library with each program that uses any of the utility functions.

Subroutine	Туре	Description
bxcljl	cal	convert calendar date to Julian date
fpdint	bm	derive paid interest for a date
idbt	cal	find index in debt array for a date
indcal	cal	find index in a calendar for a date
indcid	bx	find index in a CRSPID list for a CRSPID
ipay	bm	find index in payment structure for a date
iqday	cal	find DD day for a calendar index
jahrmo	cal	find year and month for a calendar index
nddate	cal	find Julian day number of delivery date for a calendar index
ndhfyr	cal	return number of days in last half year
ndifdt	cal	find difference in days between 2 dates
ndzero	cal	find zero'th day of a month
nfqdat	cal	find YYMMDD date from calendar index
npout	bm	find publicly held value for calendar index
nqdate	cal	Julian day number for calendar index
nqtoqd	cal	find number of days between given index and previous
ntout	bm	find total debt for calendar index
pcyield	bm	calculate yield to maturity compounded to given frequency
retadj	bm, bx	express holding period return as a percentage
ytm	bm, bx	calculate annualized yield to maturity

Utility:	bxcljl		
Prototype:	int bxcljl (idtcal)		
Description:	Function bxcljl converts a calendar date to its linear (Julian) date equivalent.		
Parameters:	idtcal - date in format YYYYMMDD		
Return Values:	success: the linear date		
	error(-1)		

Utility:	fpdint
Prototype:	int fpdint (bm_str, idxcal)
	Function fpdint takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, calls the ipay
	function to get the index in the bmpay vector corresponding to the calendar data and
Description:	returns the paid interest for that date.
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-
Parameters:	tion to be called
	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: an index in the BMPAY structure
	error(-1)
	fpdint returns -1 if the date was not found.

# CRSP DAILY US GOVERNMENT BILLS, NOTES, AND BONDS

Utility:	idbt
Prototype:	int idbt(bm_str, idxcal)
	Function idbt takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, searches in the
	bmdebt vector and returns the index in the bmdebt vector corresponding to the cal-
Description:	endar data.
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-
Parameters:	tion to be called
	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: an index in the bmdebt structure
	error(-1)

Utility:	indcal
Prototype:	int indcal (key, code, array, maxarr)
Description:	indcal can be used to locate the index of a YYYYMMDD date in a calendar array.
Parameters:	key - pointer to a string containing a YYYYMMDD calendar date to find
	code -1, 0, 1 for handling non-exact matches
	-1, if date is not found, returns index of previous valid date
	0, if date is not found, returns 0
	1, if date is not found, returns index of next valid date
	array - pointer to an array of YYYYMMDD calendar dates
	maxarr - number of calendar dates in array
Return Values:	success: index in array of YYYYMMDD calendar dates
	error(0) if not found or out of range according to code

Utility:	indcid
Prototype:	int indcid (key, code, array, maxarr)
Description:	indcid can be used to locate the index of a CRSPID in a CRSPID array.
Parameters:	key - pointer to a string containing a CRSPID to find
	code -1, 0, 1 for handling non-exact matches
	-1, if CRSPID is not found, returns index of previous CRSPID
	0, if CRSPID is not found, returns 0
	1, if CRSPID is not found, returns index of next CRSPID
	array - pointer to an array of CRSPIDs
	maxarr - number of CRSPIDs in array
Return Values:	success: index in array of CRSPIDs
	error(0) if not found or out of range according to code

Utility:	ipay
Prototype:	int ipay (bm_str, idxcal)
	Function ipay takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, searches in the
	bmpay vector and returns the index in the bmpay vector corresponding to the calendar
Description:	data.
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-
Parameters:	tion to be called
	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: an index in the bmpay structure
	error(-1)
Utility:	iqday
----------------	---
Prototype:	int iqday (idxcal)
	Function iqday takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the day (DD) of the quota-
Description:	tion date which has index idxcal.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: the day of the quotation date
	error(-1)

Utility:	jahrmo
Prototype:	int jahrmo (idxcal)
	Function jahrmo takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the year and month
Description:	(YYYYMM) of the quotation date which has index idxcal.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: year and month of the quote date YYYYMM
	error(-1)

Utility:	nddate
Prototype:	int nddate (idxcal)
	Function nddate takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the day number of the of
	the delivery date which has index idxcal. nddate calls the bxcljl function to get
Description:	the day number.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: the day number of the delivery date
	error(-1)

Utility:	ndhfyr
Prototype:	int ndhfyr (idxcal)
	Function ndhfyr takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the number of days in the
	last half year corresponding to the quotation date which has index idxcal. ndhfyr
Description:	calls the ndifdt function to get the difference between the quotation date.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: the linear number of dates in half year
	error(-1)

Utility:	ndifdt
Prototype:	int ndifdt (idat1, idat2)
	Function ndifdt converts two calendar dates to linear (Julian) dates and returns the
Description:	difference.
Parameters:	idat1 - first date in format YYYYMMDD
	idat2 - second date in format YYYYMMDD
Return Values:	success: the difference between idat1 and idat2
	error(-1)
	ndifdt calls the BXCLJL function to calculate the linear (Julian) dates.

Utility:	ndzero
Prototype:	int ndzero (idxcal)
	Function ndzero takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the zero'th day of the
	month of the quotation date which has index idxcal. nqdate calls the bxcljl
Description:	function to get the linear date.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: the day number of the zero'th day of the month
	error(-1)

Utility:	nfqdat
Prototype:	int nfqdat (idxcal)
	Function nfqdat takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the quotation date (YYM-
Description:	MDD) which has index idxcal.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: the quotation date YYMMDD
	error(-1)

Utility:	npout
Prototype:	int npout (bm_str, idxcal)
	Function npout takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, calls the idbt
	function to get the index in the bmdebt vector corresponding to the calendar data and
	returns the publicly held face value outstanding for that date. npout returns -1 if the
Description:	date was not found.
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-
Parameters:	tion to be called
	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: an index in the bmdebt structure
	error(-1)

Utility:	nqdate
Prototype:	int nqdate (idxcal)
	Function nqdate takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the day number of the
	quotation date which has index idxcal. nqdate calls the bxcljl function to get
Description:	the day number.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: the day number of the quotation date
	error(-1)

Utility:	nqtoqd
Prototype:	int nqtoqd (idxcal)
	Function nqtoqd takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the number of days
	between the previous quotation date and the quotation date which has index idxcal.
Description:	ngtogd calls the ngdate function to get the linear (Julian) quotation dates.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: the number of days between the last the quotation date and this quotation date
	error(-1)

Utility:	ntout
Prototype:	int ntout (bm_str, idxcal)
	Function ntout takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, calls the idbt
	function to get the index in the bmdebt vector corresponding to the calendar data and
	returns the face value outstanding for that date. ntout returns -1 if the date was not
Description:	found.
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-
Parameters:	tion to be called
	idxcal - the index in the calendar
Return Values:	success: an index in the BMDEBT structure
	error(-1)

Utility:	pcyield
Prototype:	void pcyield (bm_str, pcyarr, freq)
Description:	pcyield calculates the yield to maturity and loads the pcyarr with the results.
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-
Parameters:	tion to be called
	pcyarr - pointer to an array of floats
	freq - the frequency
Return Values:	success: none
	error: if a yield is missing, the value will be -99

Utility:	retadj			
Prototype:	void retadj (bm_str, adjarr, freq)			
	retadj calculates the holding period return expressed as a percentage and loads the			
Description:	adjarr with the results.			
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-			
Parameters:	tion to be called			
	adjarr - pointer to an array of floats			
Return Values:	success: none			
	error: If RETNUA is missing, the value will be -999			

Utility:	ytm			
Prototype:	void ytm (bm_str, ytmarr, freq)			
Description:	ytm calculates the annualized yield to maturity and loads the ytmarr with the results.			
	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this func-			
Parameters:	tion to be called			
	ytmarr - pointer to an array of floats			
Return Values:	success: none			
	error: If a yield Is missing, the value will be -999			

### **C Input/Output Routines**

These functions are specific to file access (open, close, read sequentially, read randomly). They should be modified according to the compiler's requirements.

Routine:	file_open			
Prototype:	int file_open (filepath, filename)			
Description:	opens a file.			
Parameters:	filepath - the path of the directory where the file is			
	filename - the name of the file			
Return Values:	success the file descriptor(>0)			
	error(-1)			

Routine:	file_read			
Prototype:	int file_read (fdes, buffer, offset, size)			
Description:	reads and stores the data temporary in a character buffer.			
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor			
	buffer - character buffer where the data is read			
	offset - the offset from the beginning of the file from where to read			
	size - the number of bytes to be read			
Return Values:	success(0)			
	error(-1)			

Routine:	file_write		
Prototype:	int file_write (fdes, buffer, size)		
Description:	Writes a buffer into a file.		
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor		
	buffer - the address of the buffer		
	size - the number of bytes to be read		
Return Values:	success(0)		
	error(-1)		

Routine:	file_next			
Prototype:	int file_next (fdes, buffer, size)			
Description:	Reads sequentially the next record and stores the data temporary in a character buffer.			
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor			
	buffer - character buffer where the data is read			
	size - the number of bytes to be read			
Return Values:	Success(the number of bytes)			
	EOF or error(-1)			

Routine:	file_close		
Prototype:	int file_close(fdes)		
Description:	Close a file.		
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor		
Return Values:	success(0)		
	error(-1)		

#### **C** Include Files

The following include files were used in the Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds sample programs, function and procedures. If an include file is modified, all programs, procedures and functions that used the include file must be recompiled. All declarations needed to use the CRSP data with C programs are automatically made by adding the include statements at the beginning of any main programs or subprograms that will use CRSP data or CRSP access or utility routines. The contents of these files are printed in Appendix C.

- *bnd\_const.h* Include file *bnd\_const.h* contains the constants definitions for programs which access the data in Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files.
- *bnd\_struct.h* Include file *bnd\_struct.h* contains the structures definitions for programs which access the data in Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files.

#### **4.3 File Specifications**

The tables below detail the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP files. Each table represents one file on the CD. The table names match the names in the CD layout descriptions. The "Character Positions" column shows where in the character record each field is positioned. The "FORTRAN Format" and "C Format" columns are listed the formats that appear on the CD. The "Associated Name" column refers to the data item defined in the "Description of Definition" section of this guide.

#### **Master File Specifications**

Records are all fixed-length. File names beginning with BX are sorted by QDATE, then CRSPID. Fields are delimited by a pipe ( | ). The sort order is the same for ASCII or EBCDIC files.

These files are sorted by CRSPID, then quote date where available.

#### **Header File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Header File. There is one record for each issue, sorted by CRSPID. This file has a 156 character record.

#### **BMHEADER Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	A8	%8s	Character	CUSIP
26 - 33	A8	%8s	Character	NAME
35 - 42	I8	%8d	Integer	MATDT
44	Il	%1d	Integer	TYPE
46 - 52	F7.3	%7.3f	Double	COUPRT
54	Il	%1d	Integer	UNIQ
56	Il	%1d	Integer	WHY
58 - 65	I8	%8d	Integer	DATDT
67 - 74	I8	%8d	Integer	BANKDT
76 - 83	I8	%8d	Integer	FCALDT
85 - 90	IG	%6d	Integer	YMCNOT
92	Il	%1d	Integer	NOTICE
94	Il	%1d	Integer	TAX
96	Il	%1d	Integer	FLOWER
98	Il	%1d	Integer	NIPPY
100 - 107	I8	%8d	Integer	FCPDT
109	Il	%1d	Integer	FCPDTF
111 - 119	F9.6	%9.6f	Double	VALFC
121 - 125	I5	%5d	Integer	NUMDBT
127 - 131	I5	%5d	Integer	NUMPAY
133 - 137	I5	%5d	Integer	FSTQUO
139 - 143	I5	%5d	Integer	LSTQUO
145 - 149	I5	%5d	Integer	FSTYLD
151 - 155	I5	%5d	Integer	LSTYLD

#### **Quotes File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Quotes File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by CRSPID then QDATE. This file has a 52 character record.

#### **BMQUOTES Data Record**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
26 - 36	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	BID
38 - 48	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	ASK
50	Al	%1s	Character	SOURCE

#### Yield File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Yields File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by CRSPID then QDATE. This file has a 74 character record.

#### **BMYIELD Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
26 - 38	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	ACCINT
40 - 52	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	YLD
54 - 66	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	RETNUA
68 - 73	F6.1	%6.1f	Double	DURATN

#### **Debt File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Debt File. There is one record for each amount outstanding observation sorted by CRSPID then PQDATE. This file has a 38 character record.

#### **BMDEBT Data Records**

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
26 - 30	I5	%5d	Integer	TOTOUT
32 - 36	I5	%5d	Integer	PUBOUT

#### **Coupon Payments File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Payments File. There is one record for each amount outstanding observation, sorted by CRSPID then DQDATE. This file has a 36 character record.

#### **BMPAYMTS Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
26 - 34	F9.6	%9.6f	Double	PDINT

#### **Address File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP daily master address file. The CRSP Daily Master Address File contains one record for each issue, and contains header information used by CRSP sample programs to read other master files randomly. This file has a 95 character record.

#### **BMADDRS Data Records**

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 25	19	%9d	Integer	DBTLOC
27 - 35	19	%9d	Integer	DBTSIZ
37 - 45	19	%9d	Integer	PAYLOC
47 - 55	19	%9d	Integer	PAYSIZ
57 - 65	19	%9d	Integer	QUOLOC
67 - 75	19	%9d	Integer	QUOSIZ
77 - 85	19	%9d	Integer	YLDLOC
87 - 95	19	%9d	Integer	YLDSIZ

#### **Cross-Sectional File Specifications**

These files are sorted by QDATE, then CRSPID where available.

#### **Calendar File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Calendar/Rates File. There is one record for each Quote Date, sorted by QDATE. This file has an 87 character record.

#### **BXCALIND Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 8	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
10 - 17	I8	%8d	Integer	DELDAT
19 - 24	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CD1M
26 - 31	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CD3M
33 - 38	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CD6M
39 - 44	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CP30D
46 - 51	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CP60D
53 - 59	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CP90D
61 - 66	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	FFEFRT
68 - 73	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	FFMINR
75 - 80	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	FFMAXR
82 - 87	IG	%6d	Integer	NUMACT

#### **Quotes File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Cross-Sectional Quotes File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by QDATE then CRSPID. This file has a 52 character record.

#### **BXQUOTES Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 8	18	%8d	Integer	CRSPID
10 - 24	A15	%15s	Character	QDATE
26 - 36	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	BID
38 - 48	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	ASK
50	Al	%ls	Character	SOURCE

#### **Yield File**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Cross-Sectional Yields File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by QDATE then CRSPID. This file has a 74 character record.

#### **BXYIELD Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1-8	I8	%8d	Integer	CRSPID
10-24	A15	%15s	Character	QDATE
26-38	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	ACCINT
40-52	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	YLD
54-66	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	RETNUA
68-73	F6.1	%6.1f	Double	DURATN

#### Address File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Cross-Sectional Address File. There is one record for each issue, and contains header information used by CRSP sample programs to read other Cross-Sectional files randomly. This file has a 49 character record.

#### **BXADDRS Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 8	I8	%8d	Integer	CRSPID
10 - 18	I9	%9d	Integer	QUOLOC
20 - 28	I9	%9d	Integer	QUOSIZ
30 - 38	19	%9d	Integer	YLDLOC
40 - 48	19	%9d	Integer	YLDSIZ

#### **Fixed Term Indices File Specifications**

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP Daily Bills, Notes, and Bonds Fixed Term Indices. There is one record for each maturity term type for each quote date. This file has a 102 character record.

#### **BXDLYIND Data Records**

<b>Character Positions</b>	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1-4	I4	%4d	Integer	TERMTYPE
6-13	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
15-29	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
31-35	F6.3	%6.3f	Integer	YEARSTM
38-48	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	RETADJ
50-60	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	YTM
62-72	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	ACCINT
74-79	F6.1	%6.1f	Double	DURATN
81-90	F10.6	%10.6f	Double	BID
92-101	F10.6	%10.6f	Double	ASK

#### **Excel Files**

The Excel 5.0/95 Workbook files do not contain the large CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Master and Cross-Sectional Files. These files are too large to be supported in Excel. The Excel Files were imported from the ASCII files. The number of decimal places matches those in the original ASCII Files. Therefore, adding decimal places in the cell formatting will not improve accuracy in data output. The dates are stored as Excel dates and displayed in a MM/DD/YYYY format, unless otherwise indicated on the readme worksheet. The first worksheet in each file is a readme worksheet that outlines the contents of the rest of the sheets.

The following table contains the file name, the work sheet names within them, and the section of the documentation, which describes them.

### **Excel Files**

Files	Work Sheet Names	Documentation Reference
bmheader.xls	BMHEADER.XLS	Section 4.3, File Specifications, Master File Specifications
bxcalind.xls	BXCALIND.XLS	Section 4.3, Cross-Sectional File Specifications
bxdlyind_10yr.xls	BXDLYIND_10YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdlyind_lyr.xls	BXDLYIND_1YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdlyind_20yr.xls	BXDLYIND_20YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdlyind_2yr.xls	BXDLYIND_2YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdlyind_30yr.xls	BXDLYIND_30YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdlyind_5yr.xls	BXDLYIND_5YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdlyind_7yr.xls	BXDLYIND_7YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications

#### **Microsoft Excel Support Disclaimer**

**CRSP does not support Microsoft Excel**. These files have been included in this format as a courtesy. If you are unable to load the files or to use the software, please contact Microsoft or your System Administrator for support. These files are in ASCII in the \DATA\ directory if you want to convert them yourself.

#### **SAS Files**

The complete CRSP Daily US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Master File was imported into one large SAS Transport Format, dlybonds.trp. Sample SAS code is included in the bdimport.sas file may expand the transport data set. The table below has SAS's NT file extensions. File extensions may vary among platforms. indexdly.sas can be run to create indices to speed retrieval and to create the data and cross-sectional order.

#### SAS Files (extracted)

<b>Extracted File Names</b>	Documentation Reference
BMDEBT.SD2	"DEBT — Amounts Outstanding" on page 23 (Master File)
BMDEBT.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMDEBT File
BMHEADER.SD2	"HEADER — Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges" on page 16 (Master File)
BMHEADER.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMHEADER File
BMPAYMTS.SD2	"PAYMENTS — Interest Payments" on page 24 (Master File)
BMPAYMTS.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMPAYMTS File
BMQUOTES.SD2	"QUOTES — Raw Data" on page 20 (Master File)
BMQUOTES.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMQUOTES File
BMYIELD.SD2	"YIELDS — Derived Data" on page 21 (Master File)
BMYIELD.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMYIELD File
BXCALIND.SD2	"CALENDAR - Calendar and Government Rates" on page 14 (Cross Sectional File)
BXDLYIND.SD2	"CRSP Fixed Term Indices Files" on page 25 (Cross Sectional File)
BXQUOTES.SD2*	"QUOTES — Raw Data" on page 20 (Cross Sectional File)
BXQUOTES.SI2*	QDATE index for BXQUOTES
BXYIELD.SD2*	"YIELDS — Derived Data" on page 21 (Cross Sectional File)
BXYIELD.SI2*	QDATE index for BXYIELD
* Indicates files created with the	e indexdly.sas program

#### **SAS Support Disclaimer**

**CRSP does not support SAS**. These files have been included in this format as a courtesy. If you are unable to load the files or to use the software, please contact SAS or your System Administrator for support. The files are in ASCII in the \DATA\ directory if you want to convert them yourself.

# **APPENDIX: SPECIAL ISSUES**

The Appendix lists the US Government issues which require special treatment.

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# **APPENDIX: SPECIAL ISSUES**

### **1. Issues with Special Provisions**

The following is a list of issues having special provisions and coded with ITYPE = 9. You may wish to consider these provisions before using the data from these issues.

19330315.902000	Redeemable at option of holder at par plus accrued interest with 60 days notice. Principal
	and interest payable in United States gold coin.
19340415.904250	Issue created by early call of 19381015.904250. Similar numbers selected to be called for
	redemption on 19340415 were promulgated by the Treasury effectively creating a new
	issue which was quoted separately up to the call date.
19341015.904250	Issue created by early call of 19381015.904250. Similar to 19340415.904250.
19350415.904250	Issue related by early call of 19381015.904250. Similar to 19340415.904250.
19381015.904250	Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin.
19451015.903250	Accrued interest at the rate of 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % up to 19341015 and at 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % thereafter.
19590801.904000	Issue created from 19610801.904000 (see below).
19600215.904000	Issue created from 19620815.904000 (see below).
19610801.904000	Redeemable at the option of the holder at par and accrued interest on August 1, 1959.
	Notice of intent to redeem must be made by May 1, 1959 and certificates to be
	redeemed to be stamped. Once stamped, certificates mature on August 1, 1959 (not
	August 1, 1961 as issued). These stamped certificates were traded and quoted under the
	new CRSPID, even though no such security was actually issued by the treasury.
19620815.904000	Similar to 19600801.90400. Redeemable at option of holder on February 15, 1960, written
	notice and surrender required on or before November 16, 1959. Issue thus created was
	19600215.904000.
99990401.902000	Consol bond, paid interest quarterly in perpetuity. Principal returned only if called. Issue actually called in 1935.

#### 2. Stripped Notes and Bonds

Stripped notes and bonds are issues, which have been broken into their component cash flows, each of which is then traded separately. This was originally done by various financial institutions who issued treasury backed securities (e.g., CATS, TIGERS etc.). A fully-constituted Treasury note of bond consists of a principal payment and semiannual interest payments. In 1985 the treasury began participating in this market by designating certain issues as eligible to be stripped. All 10 year notes and all bonds issued since November 15, 1984 have been made eligible for the STRIPS program either upon their original issue or after their first interest payment date. Issues so designated could be broken up and the individual cash flows registered separately. As of September 1997, All new Treasury marketable fixed-rate notes and bonds issued on and after September 30, 1997 are eligible for STRIPS. The Treasury itself did not sell the individual payments, this being done by dealers who first purchased eligible securities.

The following issues have been designated as eligible for stripping by the Treasury:

19941115.211620	20010815.207870	20150815.110620
19950215.211250	20011115,207500	20151115.109870
19950515.211250	20020515.207500	20160215.109250
19950815.210500	20020815.206370	20160515.107250
19951115.209500	20020930.205870	20161115.107500
19960215.208870	20021031.205750	20170515.108750
19960515.207370	20021130.205750	20170815.108870
19961115.207250	20021231.205620	20180515.109120
19970515.208500	20030215.206250	20181115.109000
19970815.208620	20030815.205750	20190215.108870
19971115.208870	20040215.205870	20190815.108120
19980215.208120	20040515.207250	20200215.108500
19980515.209000	20040815.207250	20200515.108750
19980815.209250	20041115.111620	20200815.108750
19981115.208870	20041115.207870	20210215.107870
19990215.208870	20050215.207500	20210515.108120
19990515.209120	20050515.112000	20210815.108120
19990815.208000	20050515.206500	20211115.108000
19990930.205750	20050815.110750	20220815.107250
19991031.205620	20050815.206500	20221115.107620
19991115.207870	20051115.205870	20230215.107120
19991130.205620	20060215.109370	20230815.106250
19991231.205620	20060515.206870	20241115.107500
20000215.208500	20060715.207000	20250215.107620
20000515.208870	20061015.206500	20250815.106870
20000815.208750	20060215.205620	20260215.106000
20001115.205750	20070215.206250	20260815.106750
20001115.208500	20070515.206620	20261115.106500
20011115.208500	20070815.206120	20270215.106620
20011115.207500	20141115.511750	20270815.106370
20010215.207750	20150215.111250	20271115.106120
20010515.208000		

These issues are also traded as normal notes and bonds and are quoted as such in the files.

#### **3. Foreign Targeted Securities**

Foreign targeted issues are not included in the US Government Bills, Notes, and Bonds Files. Certain recent notes have been issued in pairs with identical coupon rates, maturities and dated dates. One issue of the pair is intended for domestic holders and is normal in all respects. The other issue is intended for United States aliens. These "Foreign Targeted Securities" are exempt from certain federal taxes when held by eligible foreigners. They pay interest annually and may be converted into their domestic equivalent or sale to domestic holders. The converse is not true.

The following notes which are included are known to have Foreign Targeted equivalents:

19880930.211370	dated 19841031
19900215.211000	dated 19841203
19900815.209870	dated 19850604
19960215.208870	dated 19860215

#### 4. Inflation-Indexed Securities

Following is a list of inflation-indexed notes issued for the first time in 1997 by the US Treasury Department. The interest rate, which is set a auction, remains fixed throughout the term of the security. The principal amount of the security will be adjusted for inflation by using the non-seasonally adjusted CPI-U rate, but the inflation-adjusted principal will not be paid until maturity. Semiannual interest payments will be based on the inflation-adjusted principal at the time the interest is paid. Related information can be found on the US Treasury web page at <a href="http://www.publicdebt.treas.gov/of/of298pr">http://www.publicdebt.treas.gov/of/of298pr</a>. CRSP calculates real yields on these issues which excludes any increased payments due to inflation adjustments.

CRSPID	Dated	Maturity Date
20020715.003620	July 15, 1997	July 15, 2002
20070115.003370	January 15, 1997	January 15, 2007

Note: These are highly illiquid issues. Price quotes contained in this database are the same for extended periods of time and may not have much informational value.

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