



OneShell

Mitchell

- Installing Python: Anaconda & PyCharm

Anaconda & PyCharm

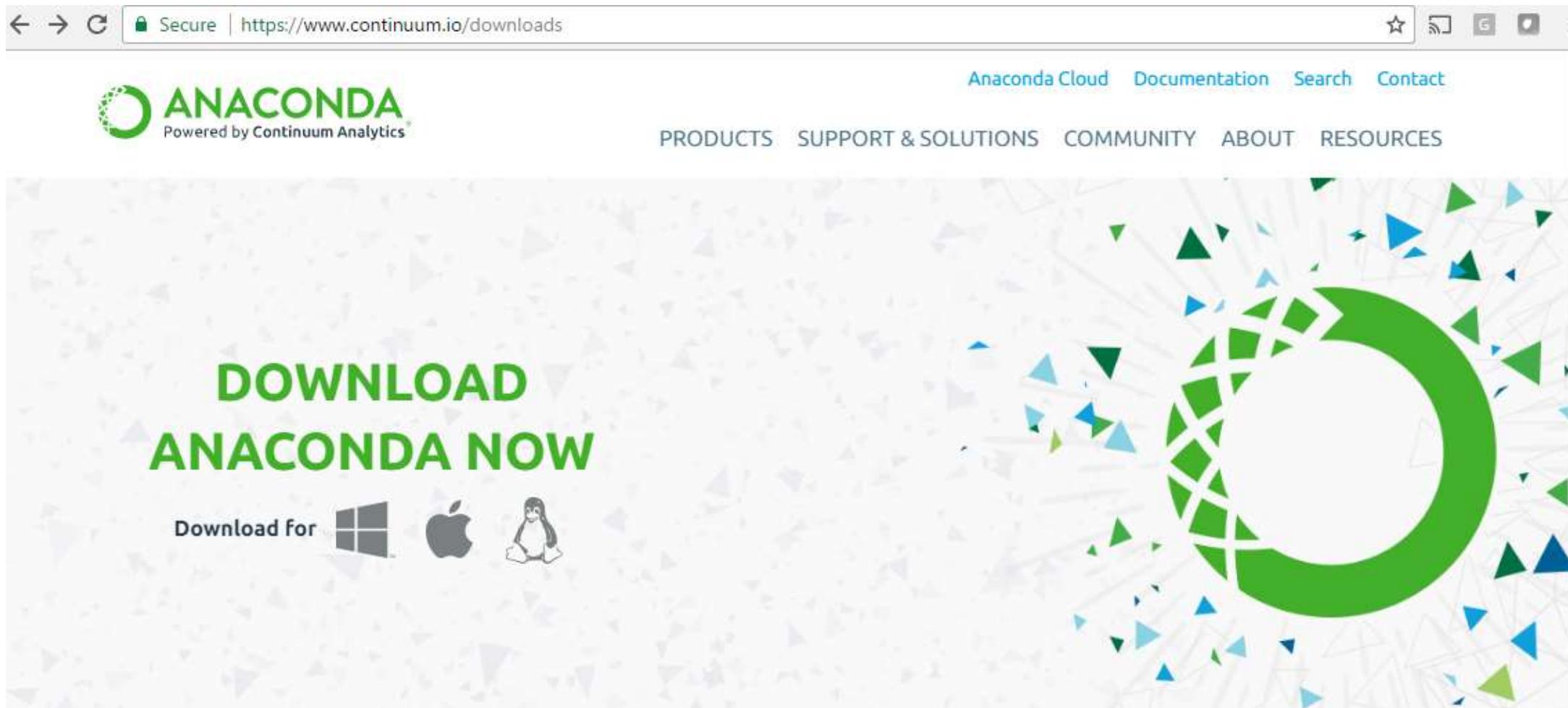
- **Anaconda**: open course distribution of Python aimed at simplifying package management and deployment
- **PyCharm**: an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) used specifically for the Python language

Anaconda & PyCharm

- Begin by downloading & installing both programs

Anaconda

- Download from: <https://www.continuum.io/downloads>



Anaconda

- Download from: <https://www.continuum.io/downloads>

The screenshot shows the Anaconda download page. At the top, there are three download links: "Download for Windows", "Download for macOS" (which is selected), and "Download for Linux". Below this, the "Anaconda 4.3.1" section is visible, which includes a "For Windows" subsection. It states that Anaconda is BSD licensed and provides a "Changelog" link. Three installer options are listed: a green "64-BIT INSTALLER (422M)" for Python 3.6, a grey "32-BIT INSTALLER (348M)", and a blue "64-BIT INSTALLER (414M)" for Python 2.7. A red arrow points to the Python 2.7 64-bit installer link. To the right of the Python 2.7 section is a small circular icon with a double-headed vertical arrow symbol.

Download for Windows Download for macOS Download for Linux

Anaconda 4.3.1

For Windows

Anaconda is BSD licensed which gives you permission to use Anaconda commercially and for redistribution.

[Changelog](#)

1. Download the installer
2. Optional: Verify data integrity with [MD5 or SHA-256](#) [More info](#)
3. Double-click the .exe file to install Anaconda and follow the instructions on the screen

Behind a firewall? Use these [zipped Windows installers](#)

Python 3.6 version

64-BIT INSTALLER (422M)

32-BIT INSTALLER (348M)

Python 2.7 version

64-BIT INSTALLER (414M)

32-BIT INSTALLER (339M)

PyCharm

- Download from: <https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/>

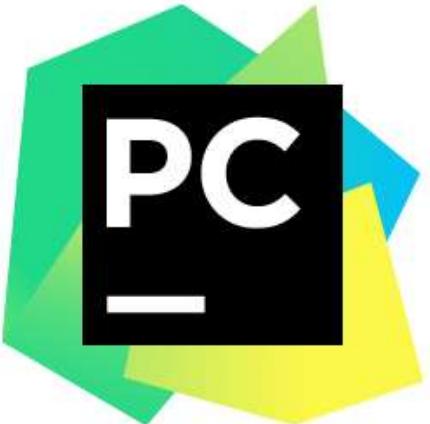


PyCharm

- Download from: <https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/>

PyCharm

Coming in 2017.2 What's New Features Docs & Demos Buy **Download**



Version: 2017.1.3
Build: 171.4424.42
Released: May 22, 2017

System requirements

Download PyCharm

Windows macOS Linux

Professional

Full-featured IDE for Python & Web development

DOWNLOAD

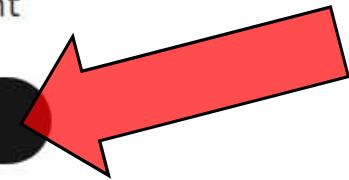
Free trial

Community

Lightweight IDE for Python & Scientific development

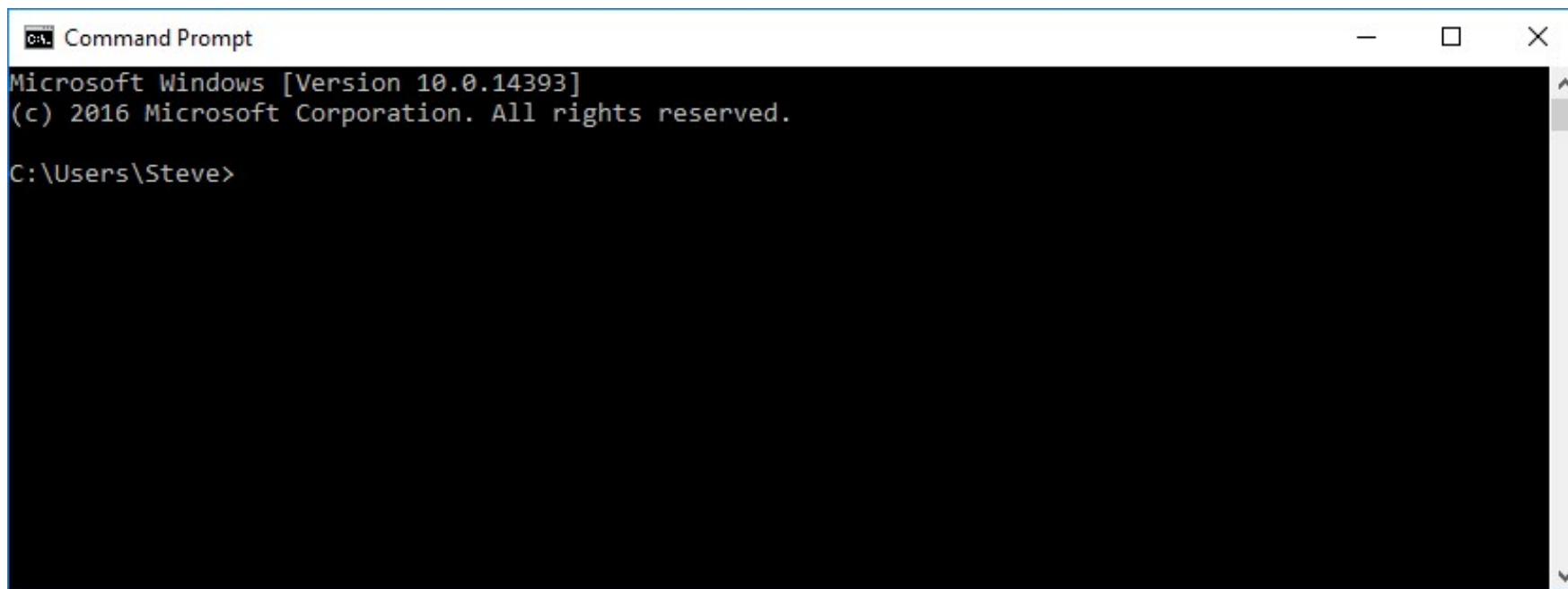
DOWNLOAD

Free, open-source



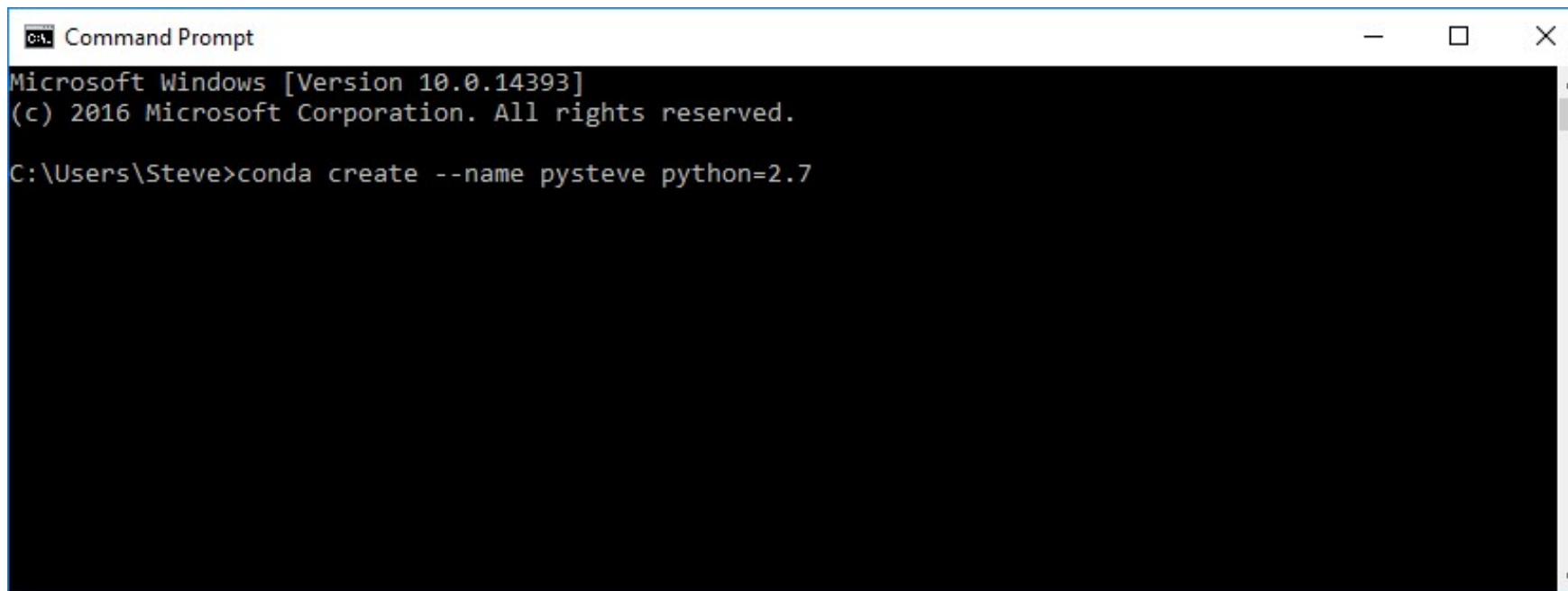
Installation

- Open a command line prompt
- In Windows: right-click on Start button > Command Prompt



Installation

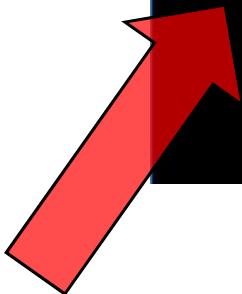
- Type: `conda create --name <name here> python=2.7`
- `<name here>` is the name of the environment you are creating
- This example: `conda create --name pysteve python=2.7`



A screenshot of a Microsoft Windows Command Prompt window titled "Command Prompt". The window shows the following text:
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Steve>`conda create --name pysteve python=2.7`

Installation

- Activate the environment
- Type: `activate <name here>`
- This example: `activate pysteve`

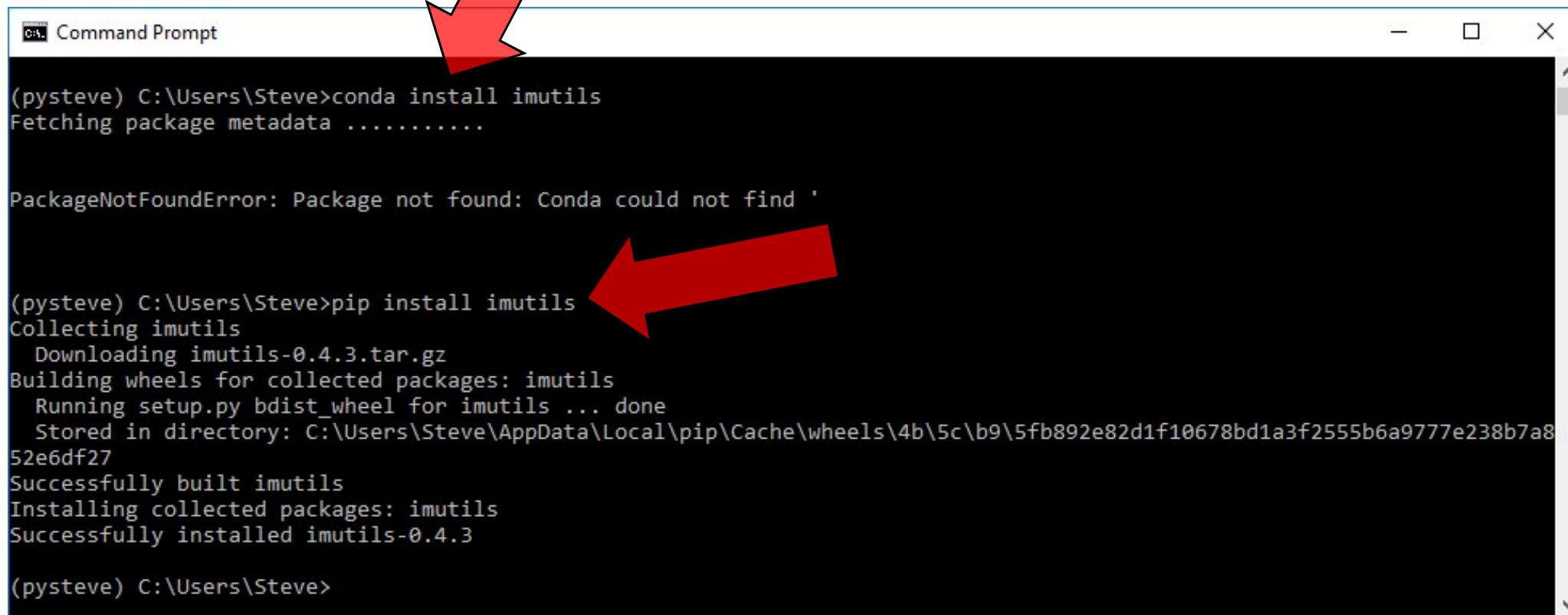


```
Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Steve>activate pysteve
(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>
```

Installation

- Install desired packages
- Type: `conda install <name here>` or `pip install <name here>`
- For example: `conda install imutils` or `pip install imutils`



```
(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>conda install imutils
Fetching package metadata ......

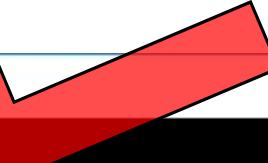
PackageNotFoundError: Package not found: Conda could not find 'imutils'

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>pip install imutils
Collecting imutils
  Downloading imutils-0.4.3.tar.gz
    Building wheels for collected packages: imutils
      Running setup.py bdist_wheel for imutils ... done
        Stored in directory: C:\Users\Steve\AppData\Local\pip\Cache\wheels\4b\5c\b9\5fb892e82d1f10678bd1a3f2555b6a9777e238b7a852e6df27
        Successfully built imutils
    Installing collected packages: imutils
    Successfully installed imutils-0.4.3

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>
```

Installation

- Confirm packages have been installed
- Type: `conda list`
- Lists all packages installed in the `<name here>` environment



```
Command Prompt

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>conda list
# packages in environment at C:\Users\Steve\Anaconda2\envs\pysteve:
#
control          0.7.0            <pip>
cycler           0.10.0           py27_0
functools32      3.2.3.2          py27_0
icu              57.1             vc9_0 [vc9]
jpeg              9b               vc9_0 [vc9]
libpng            1.6.27            vc9_0 [vc9]
matplotlib       2.0.2             np112py27_0
mkl              2017.0.1          0
mpmath            0.19              py27_1
numpy             1.12.1            py27_0
opencv3           3.1.0             py27_0    menpo
openssl           1.0.2k            vc9_0 [vc9]
pip               9.0.1              py27_1
pyparsing         2.1.4              py27_0
pyqt              5.6.0              py27_2
python            2.7.13             1
python-dateutil   2.6.0              py27_0
pytz              2017.2             py27_0
qt                5.6.2              vc9_4 [vc9]
scipy             0.19.0            np112py27_0
setuptools        27.2.0             py27_1
sip                4.18              py27_0
six                1.10.0             py27_0
subprocess32      3.2.7              py27_0
sympy             1.0               py27_0
tk                8.5.18             vc9_0 [vc9]
vs2008_runtime    9.00.30729.5054      0
wheel              0.29.0            py27_0
zlib              1.2.8              vc9_3 [vc9]

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>
```

Installation

- Confirm packages function properly
- Open Python by typing: [python](#)

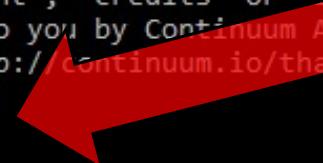


```
C:\ Command Prompt - python
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Steve>activate pysteve
(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>python
Python 2.7.13 |Continuum Analytics, Inc.| (default, May 11 2017, 13:17:26) [MSC v.1500 64 bit (AMD64)]
on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Anaconda is brought to you by Continuum Analytics.
Please check out: http://continuum.io/thanks and https://anaconda.org
>>>
```

Installation

- Confirm packages function properly
- Import matplotlib by typing: `python <Enter>` then `print "testing"`



```
Command Prompt - python
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Steve>activate pysteve

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>python
Python 2.7.13 |Continuum Analytics, Inc.| (default, May 11 2017, 13:17:26) [MSC v.1500 64 bit (AMD64)]
on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Anaconda is brought to you by Continuum Analytics.
Please check out: http://continuum.io/thanks and https://anaconda.org
>>> import matplotlib
>>> print "testing"
testing
>>> -
```

Installation

- Confirm packages function properly
- Import numpy and scipy: `import numpy` and `import scipy`



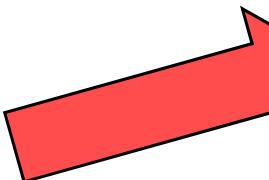
```
Command Prompt - python
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Steve>activate pysteve

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>python
Python 2.7.13 |Continuum Analytics, Inc.| (default, May 11 2017, 13:17:26) [MSC v.1500 64 bit (AMD64)]
on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Anaconda is brought to you by Continuum Analytics.
Please check out: http://continuum.io/thanks and https://anaconda.org
>>> import matplotlib
>>> print "testing"
testing
>>> import numpy
>>> import scipy
>>>
```

Installation

- Confirm packages function properly
- Exit Python by typing: `exit()`



```
Command Prompt
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

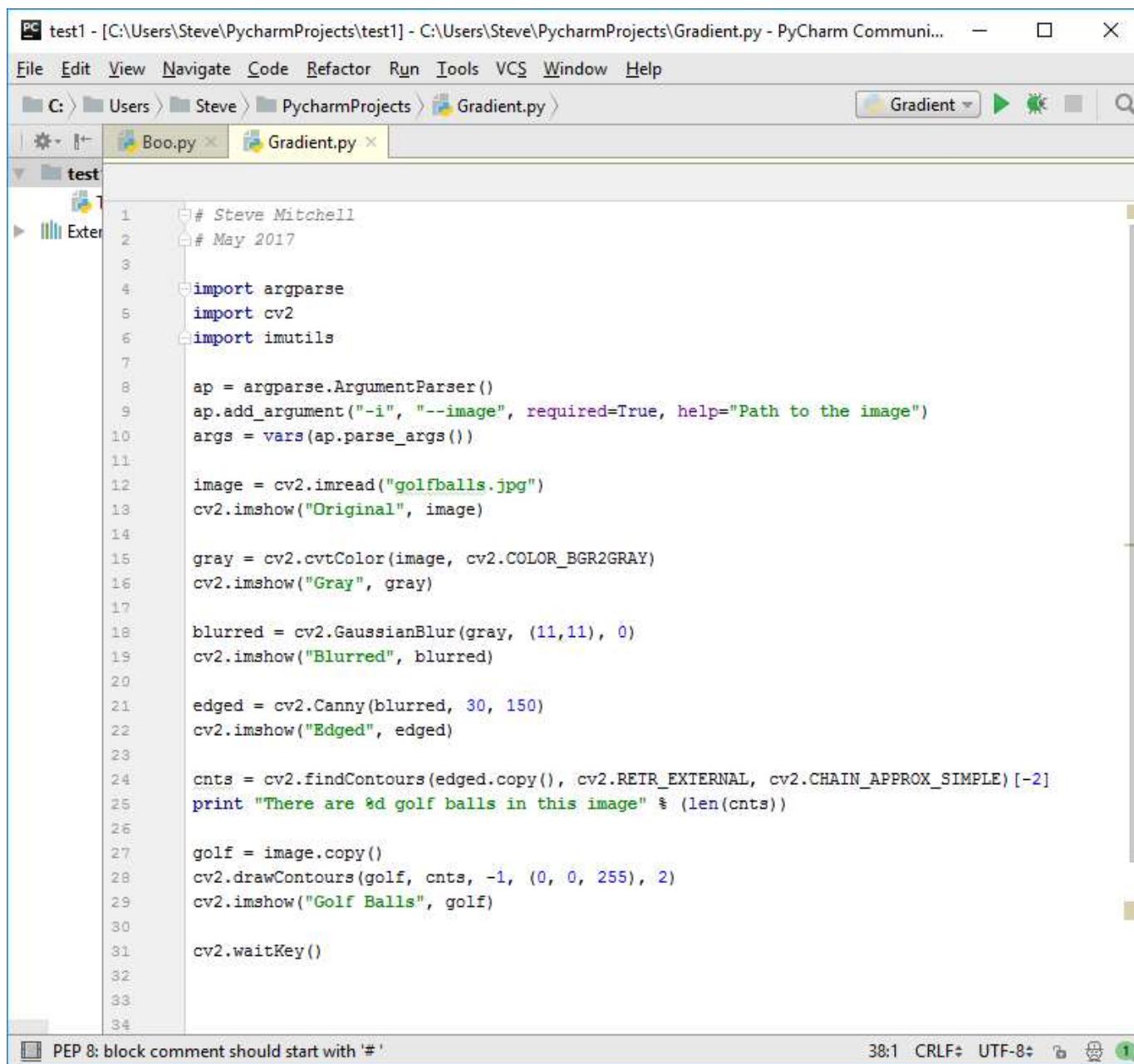
C:\Users\Steve>activate pysteve

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>python
Python 2.7.13 |Continuum Analytics, Inc.| (default, May 11 2017, 13:17:26) [MSC v.1500 64 bit (AMD64)]
on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Anaconda is brought to you by Continuum Analytics.
Please check out: http://continuum.io/thanks and https://anaconda.org
>>> import matplotlib
>>> print "testing"
testing
>>> import numpy
>>> import scipy
>>> exit
Use exit() or Ctrl-Z plus Return to exit
>>> exit()

(pysteve) C:\Users\Steve>
```

Installation

- Open PyCharm



The screenshot shows the PyCharm Community Edition interface. The title bar indicates the project is 'test1' and the file is 'Gradient.py'. The file path in the navigation bar is 'C:\Users\Steve\PycharmProjects\test1 - C:\Users\Steve\PycharmProjects\Gradient.py'. The code editor displays Python code for image processing using OpenCV to detect golf balls. The code includes importing argparse, cv2, and imutils, reading an image, converting it to grayscale, applying Gaussian blur, finding edges using Canny, and finally finding contours to detect the golf balls.

```
# Steve Mitchell
# May 2017

import argparse
import cv2
import imutils

ap = argparse.ArgumentParser()
ap.add_argument("-i", "--image", required=True, help="Path to the image")
args = vars(ap.parse_args())

image = cv2.imread("golfballs.jpg")
cv2.imshow("Original", image)

gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
cv2.imshow("Gray", gray)

blurred = cv2.GaussianBlur(gray, (11,11), 0)
cv2.imshow("Blurred", blurred)

edged = cv2.Canny(blurred, 30, 150)
cv2.imshow("Edged", edged)

cnts = cv2.findContours(edged.copy(), cv2.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)[-2]
print "There are %d golf balls in this image" % (len(cnts))

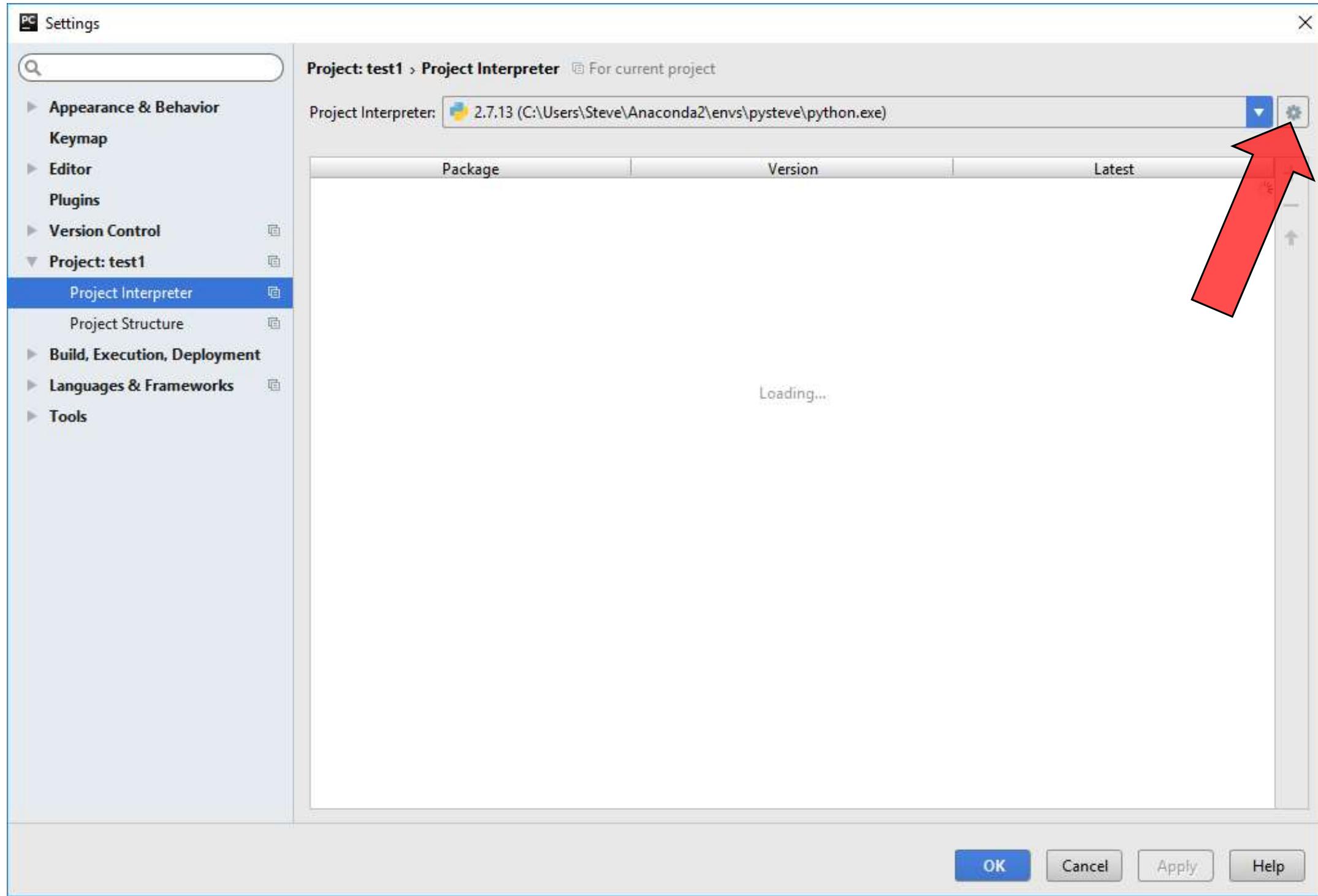
golf = image.copy()
cv2.drawContours(golf, cnts, -1, (0, 0, 255), 2)
cv2.imshow("Golf Balls", golf)

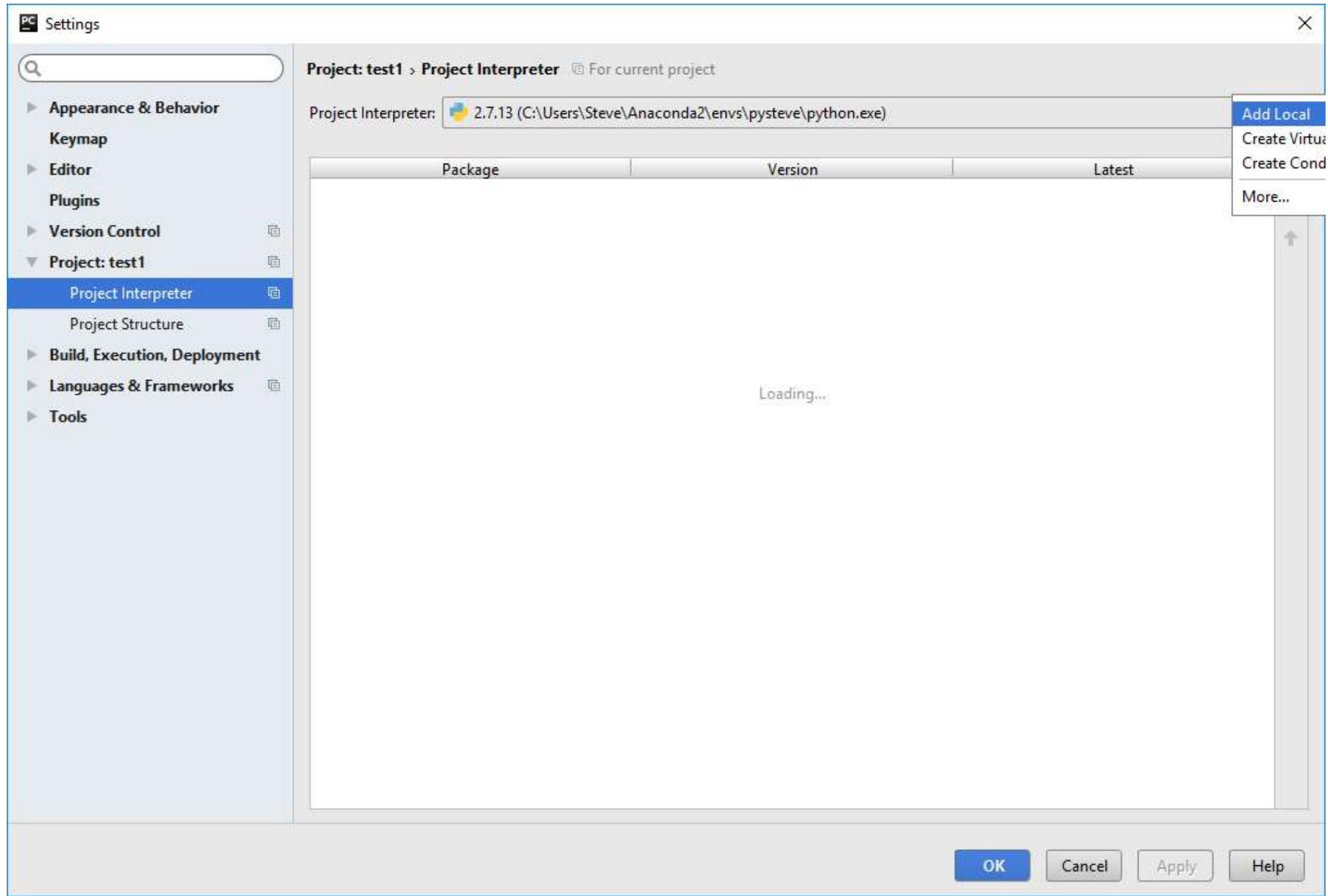
cv2.waitKey()
```

PEP 8: block comment should start with '#'

Installation

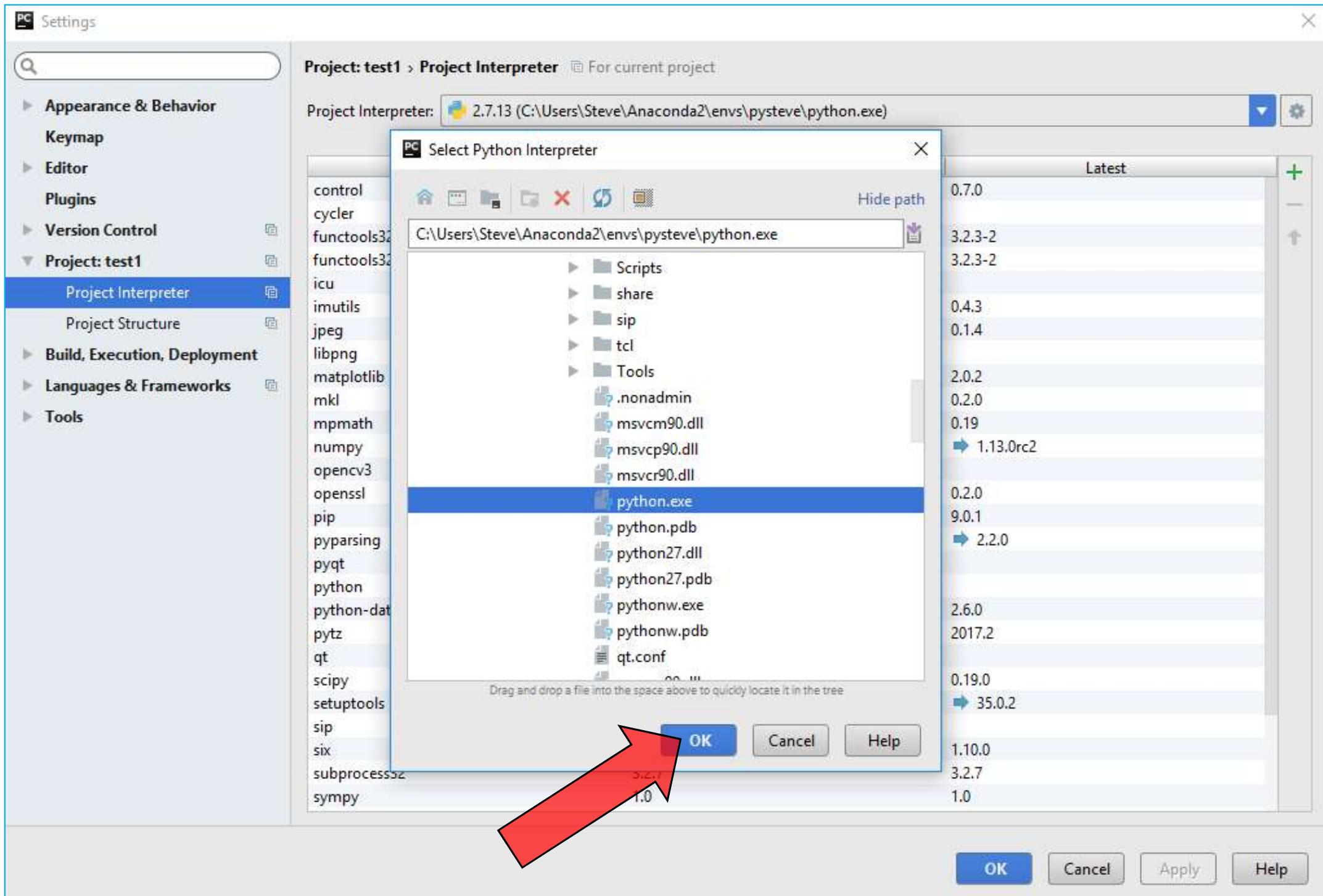
- Add local environment
- File > Settings
- Project Interpreter
- Add Local





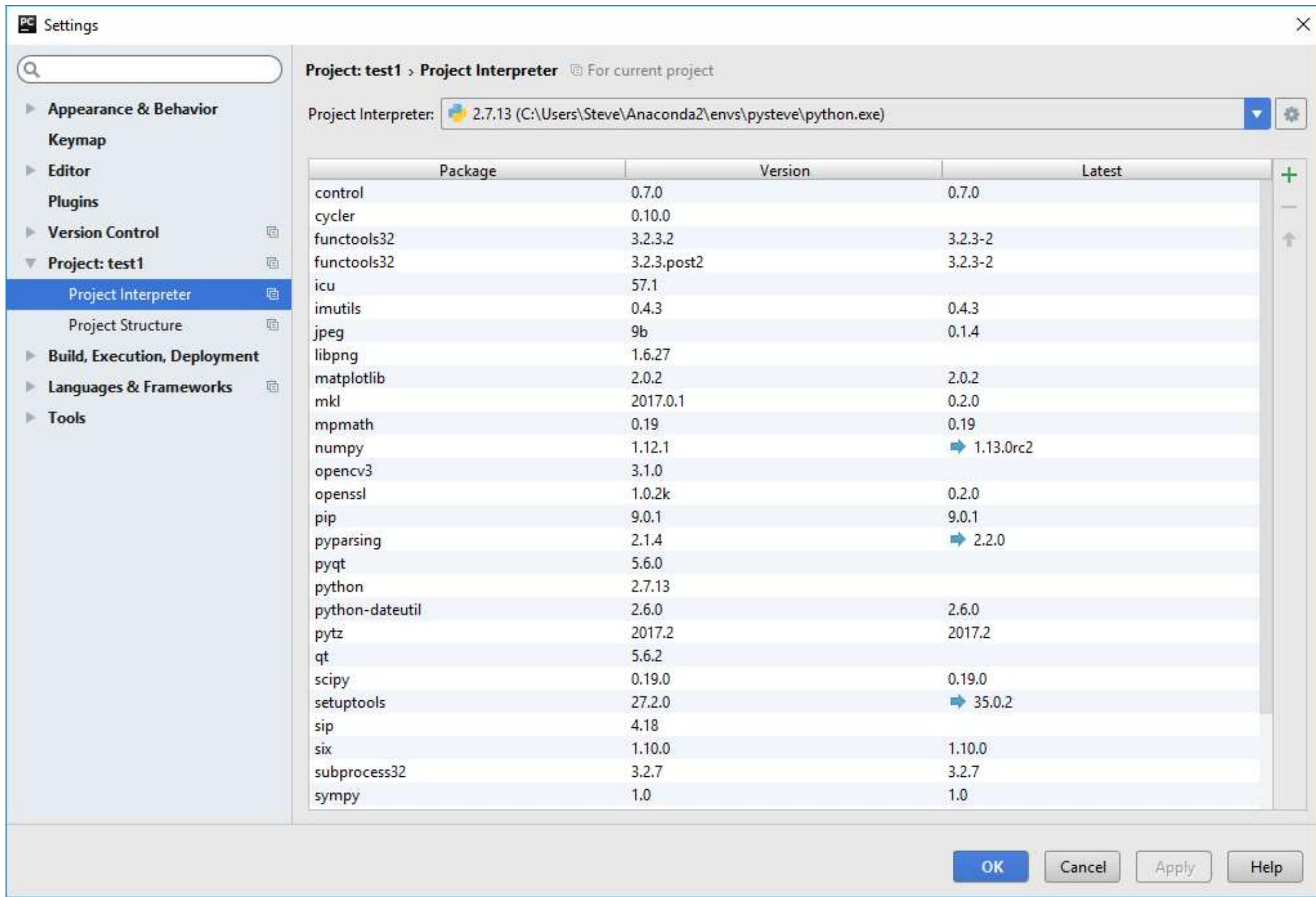
Installation

- Add local environment
- Locate python.exe in recently created environment
- Click **OK**



Installation

- Similar to typing `conda list` in the Command Prompt, installed packages are listed in PyCharm

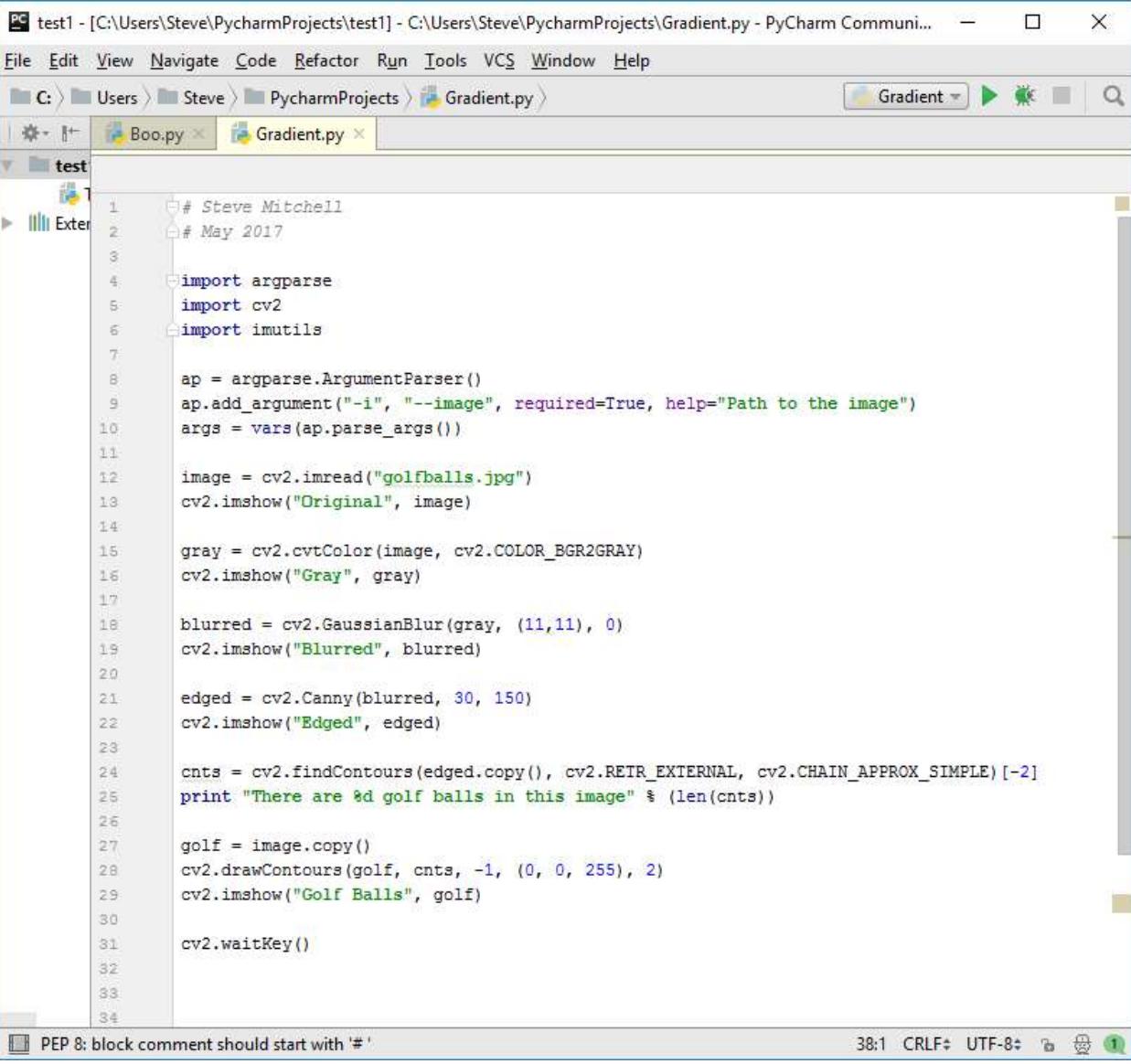


Installation

- Additional packages can be added at any time by returning to Anaconda via the Command Prompt
- Be sure to active the environment, then type `conda install <name here>` or `pip install <name here>`

Installation

- Start coding in Python!



The screenshot shows the PyCharm IDE interface with a Python file named 'Gradient.py' open. The code implements a ball detection algorithm using OpenCV. It reads an image, converts it to grayscale, applies Gaussian blur, finds edges using the Canny algorithm, and then finds contours. The number of contours is printed to the console, and the result is displayed in a window titled 'Golf Balls'. The code includes comments and imports for argparse, cv2, and imutils.

```
# Steve Mitchell
# May 2017

import argparse
import cv2
import imutils

ap = argparse.ArgumentParser()
ap.add_argument("-i", "--image", required=True, help="Path to the image")
args = vars(ap.parse_args())

image = cv2.imread("golfballs.jpg")
cv2.imshow("Original", image)

gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
cv2.imshow("Gray", gray)

blurred = cv2.GaussianBlur(gray, (11,11), 0)
cv2.imshow("Blurred", blurred)

edged = cv2.Canny(blurred, 30, 150)
cv2.imshow("Edged", edged)

cnts = cv2.findContours(edged.copy(), cv2.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)[-2]
print "There are %d golf balls in this image" % (len(cnts))

golf = image.copy()
cv2.drawContours(golf, cnts, -1, (0, 0, 255), 2)
cv2.imshow("Golf Balls", golf)

cv2.waitKey()
```

References

- *Anaconda*
 - <https://www.continuum.io/Anaconda-Overview>
- *PyCharm*
 - <https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/>
- *Getting started with python through Anaconda and PyCharm: Installation 1/2*
 - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y-B2sybfX80>
- *Getting started with python through Anaconda and PyCharm: Installation 2/2*
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nuFpkBc_5Ks
- A complete tutorial to learn data science with Python from scratch
 - <https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2016/01/complete-tutorial-learn-data-science-python-scratch-2/>
- Ultimate guide for data exploration in Python using NumPy, Matplotlib, and Pandas
 - <https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2015/04/comprehensive-guide-data-exploration-sas-using-python-numpy-scipy-matplotlib-pandas/>