

Math 246, Professor David Levermore
Group Work Exercises for Discussion
Wednesday, 21 October 2020

Set A of Group Work Exercises [3]

When a 10 gram mass is hung vertically from a spring, at rest it stretches the spring 9.8 cm. (Gravitational acceleration is $g = 980 \text{ cm/sec}^2$.) A damper imparts a force of 500 dynes (1 dyne = 1 gram cm/sec^2) when the speed of the mass is 2 cm/sec. Assume that the spring force is proportional to displacement, that the damping force is proportional to velocity, and that there are no other forces. At $t = 0$ the mass is displaced 2 cm above its rest position and is released with a downward velocity of 4 cm/sec.

- A.1. Give the natural frequency and natural period of the spring. (Give your reasoning!)
- A.2. Is this system undamped, under damped, critically damped, or over damped? (Give your reasoning!)
- A.3. Give an initial-value problem that governs the displacement $h(t)$ for $t > 0$. (DO NOT solve this initial-value problem, just write it down!)

Set B of Group Work Exercises [3]

The displacement $h(t)$ of a spring-mass system is governed by the equation

$$\ddot{h} + 2\eta\dot{h} + 289h = 255 \cos(\omega t) - 136 \sin(\omega t),$$

where $\eta \geq 0$ is the damping rate and $\omega > 0$ is the forcing frequency.

- B.1. Determine the values of η for which the system is:
 - (a) undamped,
 - (b) under damped,
 - (c) critically damped,
 - (d) over damped.
- B.2. Give the damped frequency and damped period of the system when $\eta = 8$.
- B.3. Give the forcing and the steady-state solution in phasor form when $\eta = 8$.

Set C of Group Work Exercises [4]

Consider the nonhomogeneous equation

$$(1+t)tq'' - (1+3t)q' + 3q = \frac{24t^2}{1+3t} \quad \text{over } t > 0.$$

- C.1. Show that $1+3t$ and $(1+t)^3$ are a fundamental set of solutions for the associated homogeneous equation.
- C.2. Set up and solve the linear algebraic system for $u'_1(t)$ and $u'_2(t)$ from the variation of parameters method. (You do not have to integrate here.)
- C.3. Give the Green function $G(t, s)$ for this equation and set up the Green formula for the particular solution that satisfies the initial conditions $q(3) = q'(3) = 0$. (You do not have to integrate here.)
- C.4. Give a general solution of the equation. (You have to integrate here.)