

**Math 246, Professor David Levermore**  
**Group Work Exercises for Discussion 2**  
**Monday, 9 September 2019**

**First Set of Group Work Exercises [4]**

Problem 3 on Quiz 1 concerned the solution  $y(x)$  of the initial-value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x \frac{y^2 - 9}{2y}, \quad y(0) = -5.$$

Refer to the Quiz 1 Solutions and answer the following.

- (1) How does  $y(x)$  behave as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ?
- (2) How does  $y(x)$  behave as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ?
- (3) What is the explicit solution of the differential equation that satisfies the initial condition  $y(0) = 1$ ?
- (4) What is the interval of definition for the solution that satisfies the initial condition  $y(0) = 1$ ?

**Second Set of Group Work Exercises [3]**

Consider the equation

$$\frac{du}{dt} = \frac{(u + 5)^2(u + 1)^3(7 - u)}{u - 3}.$$

Let  $u_1(t)$  and  $u_2(t)$  be the solutions of it that satisfy  $u_1(2) = -3$  and  $u_2(-1) = 5$ . (You do not need to find these solutions!)

- (1) Sketch the phase-line portrait for the equation.
- (2) Classify each stationary point as being either stable, unstable, or semistable.
- (3) Evaluate  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} (u_2(t) - u_1(t))$ .

**Third Set of Group Work Exercises [3]**

In the absence of predators the population of mosquitoes in a certain area would increase at a rate proportional to its current population such that it would triple every five weeks. There are 180,000 mosquitoes in the area when a flock of birds arrives that eats 40,000 mosquitoes per week.

- (1) Write down an initial-value problem that governs  $M(t)$ , the population of mosquitoes in the area after the flock of birds arrives.
- (2) Is the flock of birds large enough to control the mosquitoes?
- (3) How do the answers to the previous two questions change if there were 200,000 mosquitoes in the area when the same flock of birds arrives?

**Remark.** In the above exercises it is helpful to know that  $\frac{12}{11} < \log(3) < \frac{11}{10}$ .