

Second In-Class Exam
Math 246, Professor David Levermore
Thursday, 17 October 2019

Your Name: _____

UMD SID: _____

Discussion Instructor (circle one): Sam Potter Nathan Yu David Russell
Discussion Time (circle one): 9:00 11:00 12:00

No books, notes, calculators, or any electronic devices. If you need more space to answer a problem then use the back of one of these pages. **Do not separate the pages!** Indicate where the answer to each part of each problem is located. Cross out work that you do not want considered. **Your reasoning must be given for full credit!** Good luck!

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Signature: _____

Problem 1: _____/4

Problem 2: _____/12

Problem 3: _____/4

Problem 4: _____/12

Problem 5: _____/8

Problem 6: _____/8

Problem 7: _____/8

Problem 8: _____/8

Problem 9: _____/10

Problem 10: _____/8

Problem 11: _____/10

Problem 12: _____/8

Total Score: _____/100 Grade: _____

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- (1) [4] Give the interval of definition for the solution of the initial-value problem

$$x''' - \frac{\cos(3t)}{t^2 - 16} x' + \frac{e^t}{\sin(t)} x = \frac{1}{1 + t^2}, \quad x(5) = x'(5) = x''(5) = -2.$$

- (2) [12] The functions t and t^2 are a fundamental set of solutions to $t^2 y'' - 2ty' + 2y = 0$ over $t > 0$.

- (a) [8] Solve the general initial-value problem

$$t^2 y'' - 2ty' + 2y = 0, \quad y(1) = y_0, \quad y'(1) = y_1.$$

- (b) [4] Find the associated natural fundamental set of solutions to $t^2 y'' - 2ty' + 2y = 0$.

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- (3) [4] Suppose that $Z_1(t)$, $Z_2(t)$, $Z_3(t)$, and $Z_4(t)$ solve the differential equation

$$z'''' + 3z''' + \sin(2t)z' + e^t z' + 6z = 0,$$

Suppose we know that $\text{Wr}[Z_1, Z_2, Z_3, Z_4](0) = 5$. Find $\text{Wr}[Z_1, Z_2, Z_3, Z_4](t)$.

- (4) [12] Let L be a linear ordinary differential operator with constant coefficients. Suppose that all the roots of its characteristic polynomial (listed with their multiplicities) are $-3 + i2$, $-3 + i2$, $-3 - i2$, $-3 - i2$, -5 , -5 , -5 , 0 , 0 .

(a) [2] Give the order of L .

(b) [7] Give a real general solution of the homogeneous equation $Lu = 0$.

(c) [3] Give the degree d , characteristic $\mu + i\nu$, and multiplicity m for the forcing of the nonhomogeneous equation $Lv = t^4 e^{-3t} \sin(2t)$.

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(5) [8] What answer will be produced by the following MATLAB commands?

```
>> syms w(t)
>> ode = diff(w,t,2) - diff(w,t) - 12*w == 12*exp(3*t);
>> wSol(t) = dsolve(ode)
```

(6) [8] Find a particular solution $q_P(t)$ of the equation $q'' - 4q = 8t e^{2t}$.

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(7) [8] Compute the Green function $g(t)$ associated with the differential operator

$$D^2 + 6D + 9, \quad \text{where } D = \frac{d}{dt}.$$

(8) [8] Solve the initial-value problem

$$v'' + 6v' + 9v = \frac{9e^{-3t}}{1+t}, \quad v(0) = v'(0) = 0.$$

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(9) [10] The functions $1 + 2t$ and t^2 are solutions of the homogeneous equation

$$(1 + t)t x'' - (1 + 2t)x' + 2x = 0 \quad \text{over } t > 0.$$

(You do not have to check that this is true!)

(a) [3] Show that these functions are linearly independent.

(b) [7] Give a general solution of the nonhomogeneous equation

$$(1 + t)t y'' - (1 + 2t)y' + 2y = \frac{8t(1 + t)^2}{1 + 2t} \quad \text{over } t > 0.$$

(10) [8] Give a real general solution of the equation

$$D^2u - 4Du + 20u = 4 \cos(2t) - 3 \sin(2t), \quad \text{where } D = \frac{d}{dt}.$$

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- (11) [10] The vertical displacement of a spring-mass system is governed by the equation

$$\ddot{h} + 10\dot{h} + 169h = \alpha \cos(\omega t) + \beta \sin(\omega t),$$

where $\alpha \neq 0$, $\beta \neq 0$, and $\omega > 0$. Assume CGS units.

- (a) [2] Give the natural frequency and period of the system.
- (b) [4] Show the system is under damped and give its damped frequency and period.
- (c) [4] Give the steady state solution in its phasor form $\text{Re}(\Gamma e^{i\omega t})$.

- (12) [8] When a 10 gram mass is hung vertically from a spring, at rest it stretches the spring 20 cm. (Gravitational acceleration is $g = 980 \text{ cm/sec}^2$.) A dashpot imparts a damping force of 420 dynes ($1 \text{ dyne} = 1 \text{ gram cm/sec}^2$) when the speed of the mass is 3 cm/sec. Assume that the spring force is proportional to displacement, that the damping force is proportional to velocity, and that there are no other forces. At $t = 0$ the mass is displaced 5 cm above its rest position and is released with a downward velocity of 2 cm/sec.

- (a) [6] Give an initial-value problem that governs the displacement $h(t)$ for $t > 0$. (DO NOT solve this initial-value problem, just write it down!)
- (b) [2] Is this system undamped, under damped, critically damped, or over damped? (Give your reasoning!)