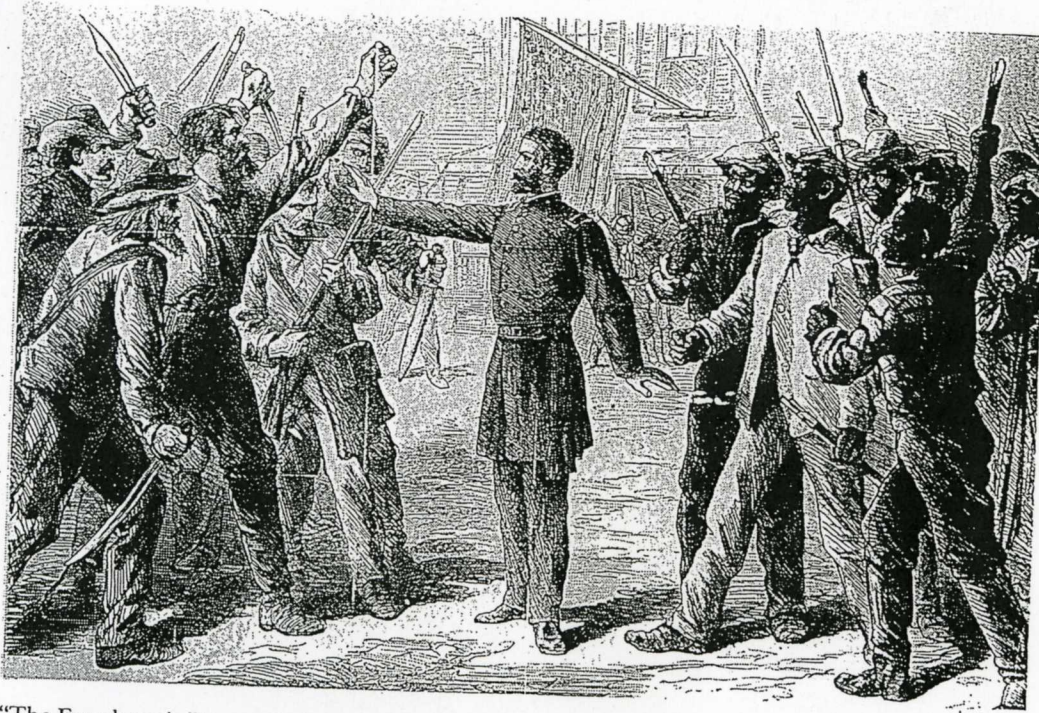


TWO IMAGES OF THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU



"The Freedmen's Bureau": the Bureau as promoter of racial peace in the postwar South. (Harper's Weekly, July 25, 1868)

Democratic Broadside, from Pennsylvania's Congressional and gubernatorial campaign of 1866. (Library of Congress)

THE FREEDMAN'S BUREAU!
 AN AGENCY TO KEEP THE **NEGRO** IN IDLENESS AT THE **EXPENSE** OF THE WHITE MAN.
 TWICE VETOED BY THE **PRESIDENT**, AND MADE A LAW BY **CONGRESS**.
 SUPPORT CONGRESS & YOU SUPPORT THE NEGRO. SUSTAIN THE PRESIDENT & YOU PROTECT THE WHITE MAN

IN THE SWEAT OF THY FACE SHALT THOU EAT THY BREAD

Freedman's Bureau **Negro Estimate of Freedman**

NEGRO TROOPS \$300
 Each as a Bounty

WHITE Veterans \$100
 Each as a Bounty

\$6,044,500

THE NEGRO MAN
 GETS KEPT IN IDLENESS
 AND PAY THE TAX

THE WHITE MAN
 GETS KEPT IN IDLENESS
 AND PAY THE TAX

What is the use of the Freedman's Bureau?
 It is to keep the Negro in idleness and make him dependent on the Government.

APPROPRIATED BY CONGRESS
 IN Support of President's Demand
\$6,044,500

FOR THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU
 JULY 1866, WASHINGTON

For 1864 and 1865, the FREEDMAN'S BUREAU cost the Tax-payers of the Nation, at least TWENTY-FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS. For 1866, THE SHARE of the Tax-payers of Pennsylvania will be about ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS. **GEAR?** is FOR the Freedman's Bureau. **CLYMER** is OPPOSED to it.

From: Stewart History of Pennsylvania (1990)